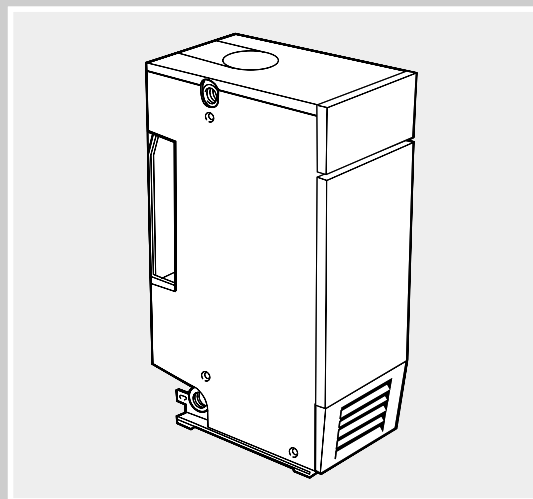


# THE IDEAL INSTALLATION & SERVICING MANUAL



*mexico*

the floor standing boiler

Floor standing,  
gas fired, conventional  
flue system boiler

**Mexico Slimline  
CF 440**

*i* BOILERS *Ideal*

# GENERAL

**Table 1 - General Data**

Boiler Size		<b>CF440</b>
Gas Supply Connection	in. BSP	Rc 1/2 (1/2)
Flow and Return Connections		Rc 1 (1" BSP)
MAXIMUM Static Water Head	m (ft.)	30.5 (100) (3 bar)
MINIMUM Static Water Head	m (ft.)	1.0 (3.3)
Electrical Supply	(power consumption)	230 V ~ 50 Hz (10W)
External Fuse Rating		3 A
Water Content	litre (gal.)	20 (4.4)
Dry Weight <i>excluding</i> balanced flue terminal	kg. (lb.)	94 (207)
Boiler Size	Height mm (in.)	850 (33.5)
	Width mm (in.)	255 (10.0)
	Depth mm (in.)	535 (21.0)
Gas Type		Natural 2 H
Gas Supply Pressure		20 mb

**Table 2 - Performance Data**

Boiler Size		<b>CF440</b>
Boiler Input	kW (Btu/h)	14.3 (48,800)
Gas Consumption	l/s (ft. <sup>3</sup> /h)	0.37 (47.0)
Boiler Output to Water	kW (Btu/h)	11.7 (40,000)
Burner Setting Pressure (hot)	mbar (in w.g.)	11.2 (4.5)
Flue gas flow rate (maximum)	g/s	6.7
Flue gas temperature	°C	85
Seasonal Efficiency (SEDBUK)*	Band D	[78.5]%

\* The value is used in the UK government's Standard Assessment Procedure (SAP) for energy rating of dwellings. The test data from which it has been calculated have been certified by Advantica 0087.

## Note.

Gas consumption is calculated using a calorific value of 38.7 MJ/m<sup>3</sup> (1038 Btu/ft<sup>3</sup>) gross or 34.9 MJ/m<sup>3</sup> (935 Btu/ft<sup>3</sup>) nett

To obtain the gas consumption at a different calorific value:-

- For l/s - divide the gross heat input (kW) by the gross C.V. of the gas (MJ/m<sup>3</sup>).
- For ft<sup>3</sup>/h - divide the gross heat input (Btu/h) by the gross C.V. of the gas (Btu/ft<sup>3</sup>).

## Key to symbols

**GB** = United Kingdom **IE** = Ireland (Countries of destination)

**PMS** = Maximum operating pressure of water

**B<sub>11BS</sub>** = An appliance designed for connection to a flue discharging the products of combustion outside the room, with air for combustion being drawn directly from the room where the appliance is installed, without a fan in the combustion products circuit and fitted with a combustion products discharge safety device.

**I<sub>2H</sub>** = An appliance designed for use on 2nd Family gas, Group H only.

**CAUTION. To avoid the possibility of injury during the installation, servicing or cleaning of this appliance, care should be taken when handling edges of sheet steel components.**

## GENERAL

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### MEXICO SLIMLINE

Mexico Slimline CF440                      G.C. No. 41 392 89  
 B.G. Certified - P.I. No. 87 AT 15  
 Destination Countries: GB and IE  
 Natural Gas only                              Appliance type: B<sub>11</sub> BS

### INTRODUCTION

**The Mexico Slimline CF 440** is a floor standing, conventional flue gas boiler. It is rated to provide central heating output of 11.7 kW (40,000 Btu/h)

The boiler has a cast iron heat exchanger and is supplied fully assembled, complete with a white enamelled mild steel casing.

The boiler thermostat control is located behind the upper front panel (drop down door).

The boiler is suitable, as standard, for connection to open-vented systems ONLY.

The systems may be:

- pumped or gravity circulating indirect DHW only
- pumped central heating only
- pumped central heating combined with either a pumped or gravity circulating indirect DHW circuit.

### OPTIONAL EXTRA KITS

**Programmer Kit**      Fits neatly within the casing. Separate fitting instructions are included with this kit.

**Overheat**              Available to allow the boiler to be used

**Thermostat Kit**      on sealed water systems.

### BENCHMARK LOG BOOK DETAILS

Boiler	Page
Make and model .....	3
Appliance Serial No. on Data Badge .....	11
<b>Controls</b> .....	as applicable
<b>For all boilers</b>	
Flushing to BS.7593 .....	4
Inhibitor .....	7
Gas inlet working pressure .....	5
Burner operating pressure .....	2
Heat input .....	to be calculated
Temperature differential .....	measure and record
<b>For combination boilers only</b> .....	Not applicable
<b>For domestic hot water mode</b> .....	Not applicable
<b>For condensing boilers</b> .....	Not applicable
<b>For all boilers:</b> complete, sign & hand over to customer	
For assistance see Technical Helpline on the back page	

**NOTE TO THE INSTALLER: LEAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS ADJACENT TO THE GAS METER. ALSO COMPLETE THE BENCHMARK LOG BOOK AND GIVE THIS TO THE CUSTOMER.**



## GAS SAFETY

### Current Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations or rules in force.

It is law that **all** gas appliances are installed by a CORGI registered installer in accordance with the above regulations. Failure to install appliances correctly could lead to prosecution. It is in your own interest, and that of safety, to ensure the law is complied with.

The installation of the boiler MUST also be in accordance with the latest I.E.E. (BS 7671) Wiring Regulations, local building regulations, bylaws of the local water authority, the Building Regulations and Building Standards (Scotland) and any relevant requirements of the local authority.

Detailed recommendations are contained in the following British Standard Codes of Practice:

- BS. 6891 Low pressure installation pipes.
- BS. 6798 Installation of gas fired hot water boilers of rated input not exceeding 60 kW.
- BS. 5449:1 Forced circulation hot water systems (small bore and microbore domestic central heating systems).
- BS. 5546 Installation of gas hot water supplies for domestic purposes (2nd Family Gases).
- BS. 5440: 1 Flues for gas appliances of rated input not exceeding 60 kW.
- BS. 5440: 2 Ventilation for gas appliances of rated input not exceeding 60 kW.
- BS 7593 Treatment of water in Domestic Hot Water Central Heating Systems.

Health and Safety Document No. 635.

The Electricity at Work Regulations, 1989.

Manufacturer's notes must NOT be taken in any way as overriding statutory obligations.

**IMPORTANT.** These appliances are certificated by the British Standards Institution for safety and performance. It is important, therefore, that no external control devices, e.g. flue dampers, economisers etc., are directly connected to these appliances unless covered by these Installation and Servicing Instructions or otherwise recommended by **Caradon Ideal Limited** in writing. If in doubt please enquire.

Any direct connection of a control device not approved by **Caradon Ideal Limited** could invalidate the BSI Certification and the normal appliance warranty. It could also infringe the Gas Safety Regulations and the above regulations or other statutory requirements.

## SAFE HANDLING OF SUBSTANCES

Care should be taken when handling the boiler insulation panels, which can cause irritation to the skin. No asbestos, mercury or CFCs are included in any part of the boiler.

## LOCATION OF BOILER

The boiler must be installed on a flat and level floor, capable of adequately supporting the weight of the boiler and any ancillary equipment.

The boiler may be fitted on a combustible floor.

Insulation is not necessary, unless required by the local authority.

**The boiler must not be fitted outside.**

**The boiler must not be installed in a bedroom or in a room containing a bath or shower.**

## 1 BOILER WATER CONNECTIONS

1. This appliance is NOT suitable for use in a direct hot water system.
2. If the boiler is to be used on a sealed system, an **Overheat Thermostat Kit** is available and must be installed in accordance with the instructions supplied with the kit.
3. All water connections are Rc1 (1" BSP). The front top and bottom plugged connections must not be used. 2 spare blanking off plugs are provided, in the hardware pack, for use as necessary in the rear flow or return water connections.
4. Pipework connections to all systems may use flow and return connections on the same side, or opposite sides of the boiler.

That is:

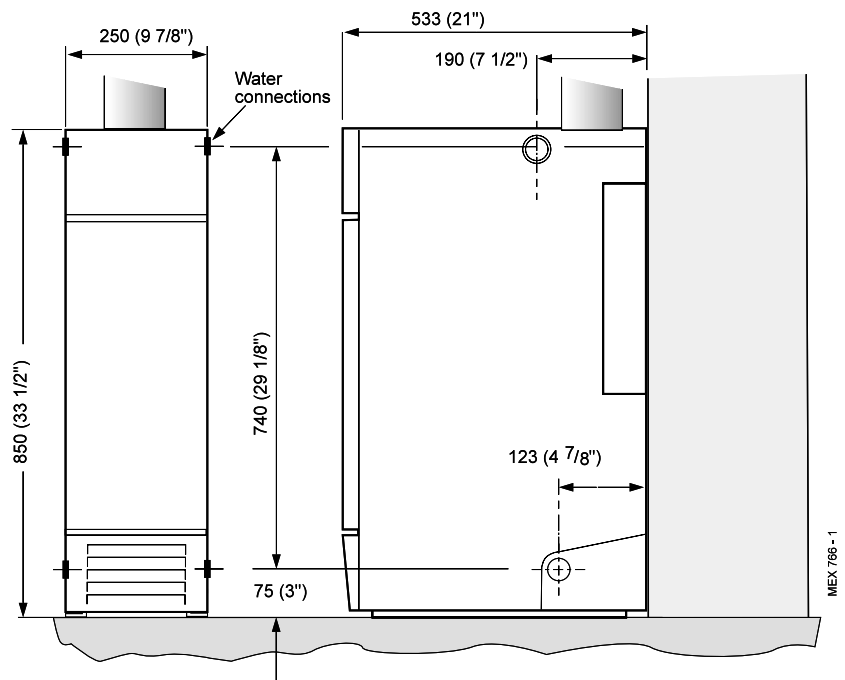
### Fully pumped system

In a fully system, either a LH or a RH flow connection, together with LH or RH return connection, may be used.

### Gravity domestic hot water and pumped central heating.

In a gravity DHW and pumped CH system separate flow and return connections are used for each service.

The use of a cylinder thermostat is recommended. This will prevent excessive domestic hot water temperatures.



## GENERAL

### Timber Framed Buildings

If the boiler is to be fitted in a timber framed building it should be fitted in accordance with the Institute of Gas Engineering document IGE/UP/7:1998.

### Compartment Installations

A compartment used to enclose the boiler **MUST** be designed and constructed specially for this purpose.

An existing cupboard or compartment may be used, providing it is modified for the purpose.

Details of essential features of cupboards/compartment design, including airing cupboard installation, are to conform to the following:

- BS. 6798.
- The position selected for installation **MUST** allow adequate space for servicing in front of the boiler and for air circulation around the boiler.
- This position **MUST** also permit the provision of a satisfactory flue and an adequate air supply.
- For the minimum clearances required for safety and subsequent service see Frame 2.

### GAS SUPPLY

The local gas supplier should be consulted, at the installation planning stage, in order to establish the availability of an adequate supply of gas. An existing service pipe must **NOT** be used without prior consultation with the local gas supplier.

The boiler is to be installed only on a gas supply with a governed meter.

A gas meter can only be connected by the local gas supplier or by a local regional contractor.

Check that the appliance is suitable for the proposed gas supply. An existing meter should be checked, preferably by the gas supplier, to ensure that the meter is adequate to deal with the rate of gas supply required. A **minimum** gas pressure of 20mbar **MUST** be available at the boiler inlet, with the boiler operating.

Installation pipes **MUST** be fitted in accordance with BS. 6891. Pipework from the meter to the boiler **MUST** be of an adequate size. Do not use pipes of a smaller size than the boiler gas connection.

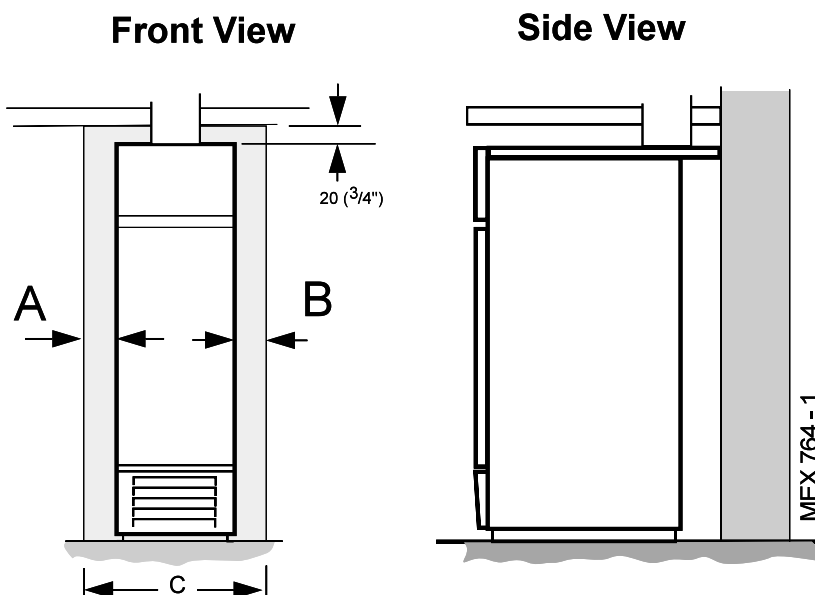
The complete installation **MUST** be tested for gas soundness and purged as described in the above code.

## 2 FLOOR MOUNTING AND BOILER CLEARANCES

*Flammable materials must not be placed in close proximity to the appliance. Materials giving off flammable vapours must not be stored in the same room as the appliance.*

### FLOOR MOUNTING

1. The floor must be flat, level and of suitable load bearing capacity.
2. The back of the boiler may be fitted up to the wall.



### BOILER CLEARANCES

The minimum overall dimensions of the space in which the boiler is to operate and to facilitate servicing are as follows:

Boiler Clearances	Top	One side 'A' or 'B'	Aggregate 'A' + 'B'	Total Width C
<b>CF440</b>	20 (3/4")	25 (1")	100 (4")	350 (14")

### IMPORTANT.

A **MINIMUM** clearance of 25mm (1") **MUST** also be maintained between the flue pipe and any adjacent combustible material.

In addition a **MINIMUM** clearance of 533 mm (21") **MUST** be available at the front of the boiler, for servicing.

## FLUE INSTALLATION

The flue must be installed in accordance with the recommendations of BS. 5440-1:2000.

The following notes are intended for general guidance:

1. The cross-sectional area of the flue, serving the boiler, **MUST** NOT be less than the area of the flue outlet of the boiler.  
If flue pipe is to be used it **MUST** NOT be less than the diameter of the flue outlet connection on the boiler.
2. Flue pipes and fittings should be constructed from one of the following materials:
  - a. Aluminium or stainless steel.
  - b. Cast iron, coated on the inside with acid resistant vitreous enamel.
  - c. Other approved material.
3. If twin walled flue pipe is used it should be of a type acceptable to British Gas.
4. If a chimney is to be used it should preferably be one that is composed of, or lined with, a non-porous acid resistant material.

### Notes.

*Chimneys lined with salt -glazed earthenware pipes are acceptable if the pipes comply with BS.65 and BS.5440-1:2000.*

*A flue pipe constructed from one of the materials listed in 2 a-c should form the initial connection to the lined chimneys.*

*Where a chimney is to be used that is **not** composed of, or lined with, a non-porous, acid resistant material it should be lined with a stainless steel flexible flue liner which complies with BS.715.*

5. Before connecting the boiler to, or inserting a liner into, a flue that has been previously used then the flue **MUST** be thoroughly swept clean of any soot or loose material. If a register plate, restrictor plate or damper etc., is fitted in the flue then it **MUST** be removed before connecting the boiler to, or inserting a liner into, the flue.
6. The flue should terminate in accordance with the relevant recommendations given in BS.5440-1:2000.
7. The flue **MUST** be fitted with a terminal (or ridge tile up to 5" flue diameter). The terminal shall be of a type which has been tested and found satisfactory by British Gas. This terminal **MUST** NOT be installed within 600mm (24") of an opening window, air vent or any other ventilation opening.
8. The chimney / flue lining **MUST** be sealed at both the top and the bottom.

**IMPORTANT.** It is absolutely **ESSENTIAL** to ensure, in practice, that the flue discharge is in a draught-free zone and that products of combustion discharging from the terminal cannot re-enter the building or any other adjacent building through ventilators, windows, doors, other sources of natural air infiltration or forced ventilation / air conditioning systems.

## TTB DOWNDRAUGHT THERMOSTAT

This appliance is fitted with a TTB draught thermostat for added safety and protection. If this thermostat should operate and switch off the appliance it is because the flue is subject to draught, probably as a result of adverse wind conditions .

The TTB is an automatic reset thermostat which will reset once the wind conditions have returned to normal, subject to a built-in reset delay in excess of 10 minutes

The TTB is an important safety device and must not be put out of action or interfered with in any way.

This device is not a substitute for an independently mounted carbon monoxide detector.

In cases of repeated or continuous shutdown a competent person should be called to investigate and rectify the condition causing this and carry out an operational test after each intervention on the device. Only the manufacturer's original parts should be used for replacement.

## AIR SUPPLY

Detailed recommendations for air supply are given in BS.5440:2. The following notes are for general guidance:

1. The room or internal space in which the boiler is installed **MUST** have, or be provided with, a permanent air vent. This vent **MUST** be either direct to outside air or to an adjacent room or internal space which must itself have, or be provided with, a permanent air vent at least the same size direct to outside air.

The minimum effective area of the permanent air vent(s) are specified in Table 3 and are related to maximum rated heat input of the boiler.

**Table 3 - Air Supply**

CF440	cm <sup>2</sup>	in <sup>2</sup>
<b>Effective area</b>	38	6

The air vent(s) must **NOT** have provision for closing or adjustment and should be sited to avoid risk of accidental damage or blockage.

If other methods of ventilation are envisaged, British Gas should be consulted before proceeding.

2. If the boiler is to be installed in a cupboard or compartment, permanent air vents are required (for combustion, flue dilution and cooling purposes) in the cupboard /compartment, at both high and low levels to ensure safe and efficient combustion and ventilation.

The air vents may either communicate with room/internal space (appropriately ventilated) or be direct to outside air. The minimum effective areas of the permanent air vents, required in the cupboard / compartment, are specified in Table 4 and are related to maximum rated heat input of the boiler.

### Notes.

- a. Both air vents **MUST** communicate with the same room or internal space or **MUST** be on the same wall to outside air.
- b. In siting the air vents care must be taken to avoid the freezing of pipework.
- c. Where cupboard / compartment air vents are open to a room or internal space, the room or internal space **MUST** itself be provided with a permanent air vent, as previously specified.
- d. The cupboard / compartment air vents must **NOT** communicate with a bedroom, bed-sitting room or a room containing a bath or shower.

**Table 4 - High and low vent areas**

CF440	Air from room		Air from outside	
	High Level	Low Level	High Level	Low Level
cm <sup>2</sup>	140	280	70	140
in <sup>2</sup>	22	44	11	22

## EFFECT OF AN EXTRACTOR FAN

If there is any type of extractor fan fitted in the premises there is a possibility that, if an adequate air inlet area from outside is not provided, spillage of the boiler flue products could occur when the fan is in operation. Where such installations occur a spillage test, as detailed in BS.5440:1 MUST be carried out and any necessary action taken.

## VENTILATION IN SERIES

In installations requiring 2 ventilators to be fitted in series, e.g. across a cavity wall, EACH ventilator should be sized in accordance with the above data. Where there are more than 2 ventilators in series, EACH should have an area of 50% in excess of the value quoted above.

## WATER CIRCULATION SYSTEM

The boiler must NOT be used for direct hot water supply.

The following indirect open vented systems are suitable:

- Combined gravity domestic hot water (DHW) and pumped central heating (CH)
- Combined pumped gravity domestic hot water and pumped central heating.
- Pumped central heating only.
- Gravity domestic hot water only, up to a minimum domestic hot water cylinder storage capacity of 180 litres (40 gal.)

The resistance with an 11 °C temperature difference will be approximately 2 in.w.g. (5 mbar).

**Table 5 - Water Flow Rate and Pressure Loss**

Boiler size		CF440
Boiler output	kW	11.7
	Btu/h	40 000
Water Flow	l/sec	0.25
	gpm	3.3
Pressure Loss	kPa	0.27
	m	0.027
	ft	0.09

The central heating system should be in accordance with BS. 6798 and, in addition, with BS. 5449:1 for smallbore and microbore systems.

The domestic hot water system, if applicable, should be in accordance with the relevant recommendations of BS. 5546.

Copper tubing to BS. 2871:1 is recommended for water carrying pipework.

The hot water storage cylinder MUST be of the indirect type and should preferably be manufactured of copper.

The hot water cylinder and ancillary pipework not forming part of the useful heating surface should be lagged to prevent heat loss and any possible freezing, particularly where pipes run through roof spaces and ventilated underfloor spaces.

The flow and return connections to a fully pumped system may be made either at one side of the boiler or diagonally, to suit convenience. In a combined pumped heating and gravity domestic hot water system the gravity flow and return connections must be made to the same side of the boiler and the pumped connections to the opposite side.

## IMPORTANT

A minimum length of 2 metres of copper pipe MUST be fitted to both flow and return connections from the boiler before connection to any plastic piping.

The boiler must be vented. If venting cannot be done via a flow connection a separate vent MUST be fitted by the installer.

Draining taps MUST be located in accessible positions, which permit the draining of the whole system - including the boiler and hot water storage vessel. They should be at least 1/2" BSP nominal size and be in accordance with BS. 2879.

## WATER TREATMENT

The heat exchangers fitted to these boilers have been internally treated with aluminium paint and only **Fernox Copal** or **Sentinel X100** water treatment products should be used. For further information on these products contact:

**Fernox Manufacturing. Co. Ltd.**, c/o Cookson Electronics,  
Forsyth Rd., Sheerwater, Woking, Surrey, GU21 5RZ,  
tel.+44 (0) 1799 550 811.  
or

**G E Betz Ltd.**, Sentinel Division, Foundry Lane, Widnes,  
Cheshire, WA8 8UD, tel. +44 (0) 1514 209 563.

## THERMOSTATIC RADIATOR VALVES

**Caradon Ideal Limited** recommend that heating systems utilising full thermostatic radiator valve control of temperature in individual rooms should also be fitted with a room thermostat controlling the temperature in a space served by radiators not fitted with such a valve, as stated in BS. 5449.

When thermostatic radiator valves are used, the space heating temperature control over a living / dining area or hallway having a heating requirement of at least 10% of the boiler heat output should be achieved using a room thermostat, whilst other rooms are individually controlled by thermostatic radiator valves.

However, if the system employs thermostatic radiator valves on all radiators or 2 port valves without end switches then a bypass must be fitted in order to ensure a flow of water should all the valves be in the closed position.

## ELECTRICAL SUPPLY

**WARNING.** The appliance MUST be efficiently earthed.

Wiring external to the appliance MUST be in accordance with the current I.E.E. (BS.7671) Wiring Regulations and any local regulations which apply.

The boiler is supplied for 230 V ~ 50 Hz single phase.

The fuse rating is 3A.

Connection must be made in a way that allows complete isolation of the electrical supply - such as a double pole switch, having a 3mm (1/8") contact separation in both poles, or a plug and socket serving only the boiler and system controls.

The means of isolation must be accessible to the user after installation.

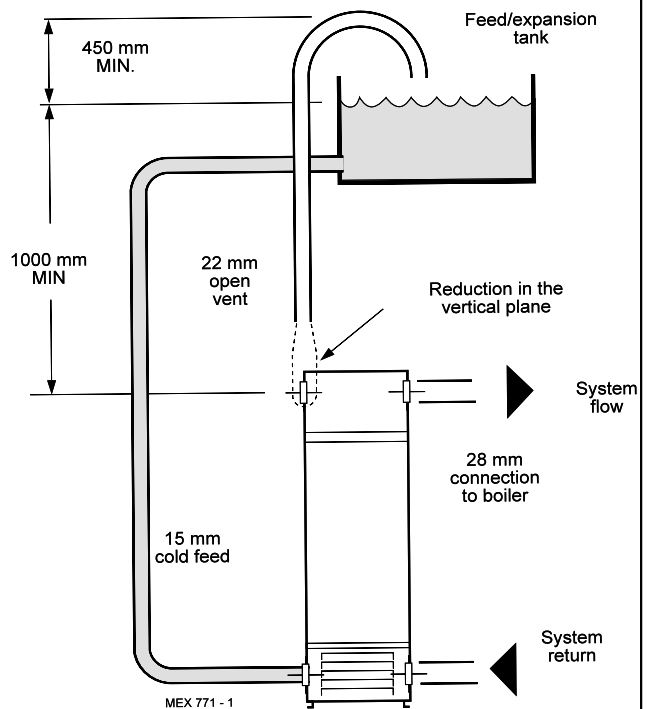
## GENERAL

### 3 MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS Fully pumped systems

1. Open vent and cold feed connections must be made to the boiler flow and return tappings, according to the options shown in Frame 1.
2. The boiler is assumed to be the highest point of the circulating system.
3. The circulating pump is positioned on the FLOW and the vertical distance, between the pump and feed/ expansion tank, must comply with the pump manufacturer's minimum requirements, to avoid cavitation. Should these conditions not apply, either lower the pump position or raise the feed/ expansion tank above the minimum requirements of **Caradon Ideal Limited**.
4. The water velocity through the boiler flow/return pipes is assumed to be below 1 m/s (3 ft./s), whilst the pump flow rate is set to provide a temperature difference of 11 °C (20 °F) across the boiler flow/return, at design input.
5. This information is intended as a GUIDE ONLY and cannot take into account instantaneous changes in heat caused by the operation of motorised valves, pumps etc.

Due allowance MUST be made if surging is liable to occur.

If in any doubt, contact **Caradon Ideal Limited**.



### 4 GRAVITY HOT WATER & PUMPED CENTRAL HEATING

1. Separate flow and return connections are used for each service. All possible configurations are given in Frame 1 but *ONLY those shown should be used*.
2. The use of a cylinder thermostat is recommended. This will prevent excessive DHW temperatures and thus reduce gas consumption.
3. The schematic pipework graph is based on the assumption that NO MORE than 8 elbows are used in the gravity loop, including entry to the boiler.
4. For each extra elbow in excess of 8, (R) MUST be reduced by 300 mm (12") or (H) increased by 100 mm (4")
5. Whatever value is selected for (R) the value of (H) MUST be at least that indicated by the graph.

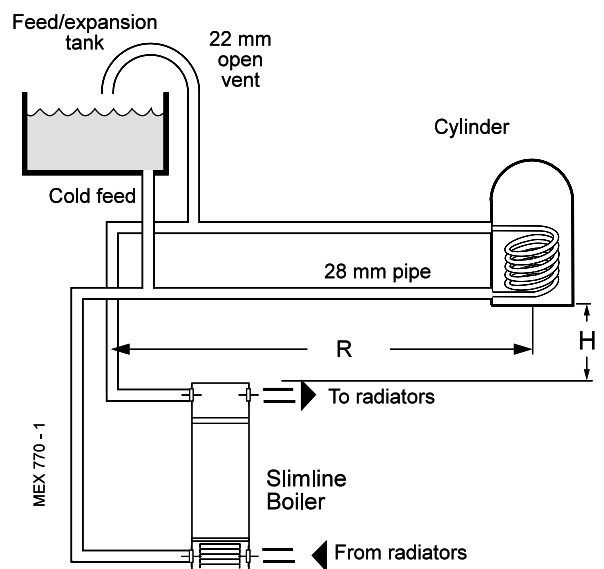
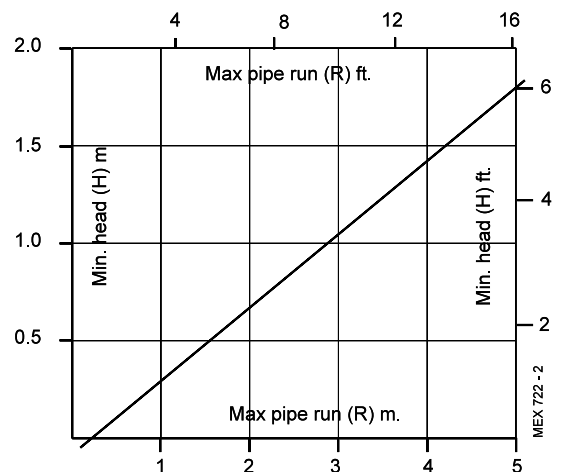
*R = the horizontal distance between the centre line of the cylinder and the boiler tappings used (measured along the pipe run).*

*H = the vertical distance between the top of the boiler and the base of the cylinder.*

#### Notes.

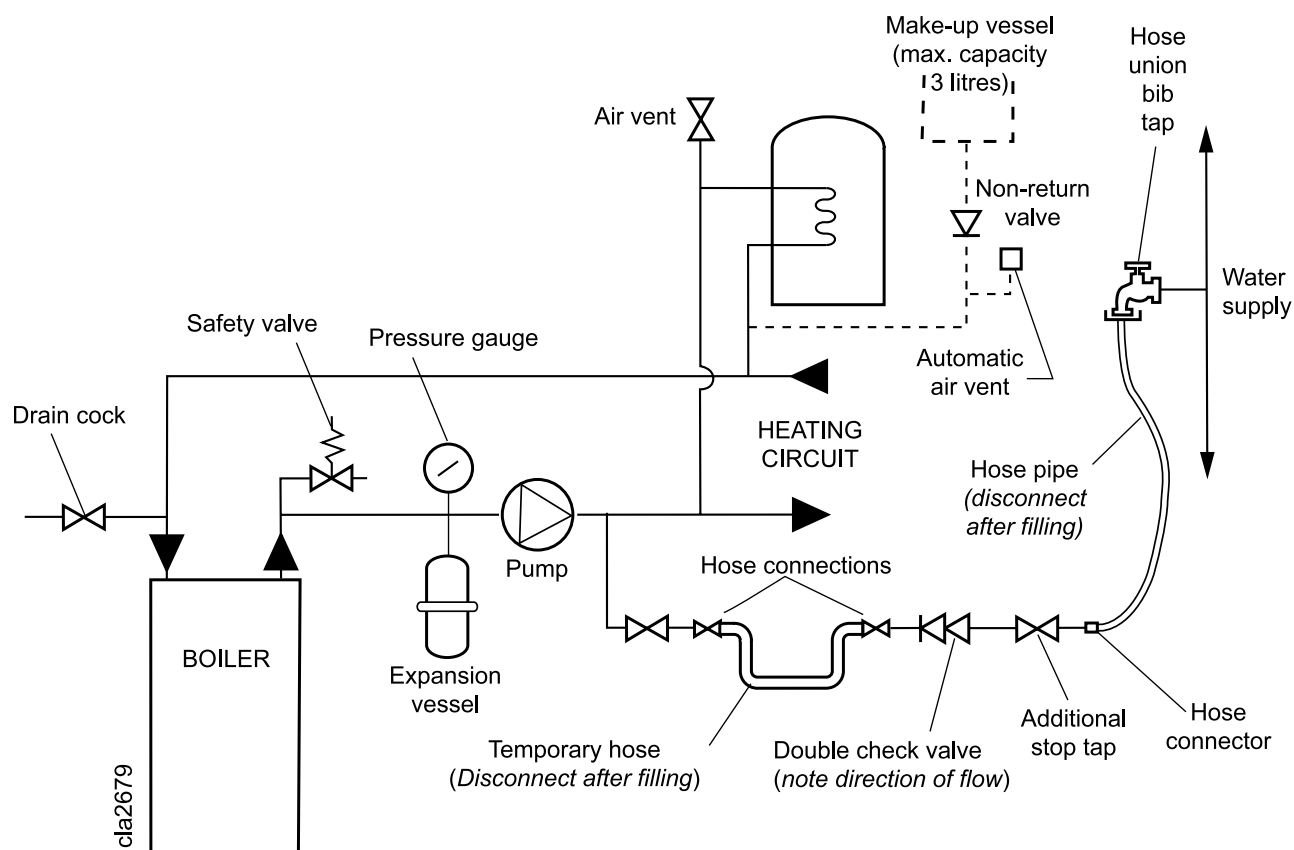
- a. Flow and return pipes should rise vertically on leaving the boiler.
- b. Horizontal pipes should be ABOVE ceiling level and as short as possible.
- c. A MINIMUM inclination of 25 mm per 3 m run (1" per 10') is required to avoid air locks.

If the above conditions cannot be met pumped primaries should be used.





## 5 SEALED SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS



### Note.

The method of filling, refilling, topping up or flushing sealed primary hot water circuits from the mains via a temporary hose connection is only allowed if acceptable to the local water authority.

### 1. General

- The installation must comply with the requirements of BS.6798 and BS.5449.
- The installation should be designed to work with flow temperatures of up to 82°C.
- All components of the system, including the heat exchanger of the indirect cylinder, must be suitable for a working pressure of 3 bar (45 lb./in<sup>2</sup>) and temperature of 110°C. Care should be taken in making all connections so that the risk of leakage is minimised.

### 2. Safety Valve

A spring loaded safety valve complying with the relevant requirements of BS.6759 must be fitted in the flow pipe, as close to the boiler as possible and with no intervening valve or restriction. The valve should have the following features:

- A non-adjustable preset lift pressure not exceeding 3 bar (45 lb./in<sup>2</sup>)
- A manual testing device.
- Provision for connection of a discharge pipe. *The valve or discharge pipe should be positioned so that the discharge of water or steam cannot create a hazard to the occupants of the premises or cause damage to electrical components and wiring.*

### 3. Pressure Gauge

A pressure gauge covering at least the range 0-4 bar (0-60 lb./in<sup>2</sup>) must be fitted to the system. The gauge should be easily seen from the filling point and should preferably be connected at the same point as the expansion vessel.

### 4. Expansion Vessel

- A diaphragm type expansion vessel must be connected at a point close to the inlet side of the pump, the connecting pipe being not less than 15mm (1/2" nominal) size and not incorporating valves of any sort.
- The vessel capacity must be adequate to accept the expansion of the system water when heated to 110°C (230°F)
- The charge pressure must not be less than the static water head above the vessel. The pressure attained in the system when heated to 110°C (230°F) should be at least 0.35 bar (5lb/in<sup>2</sup>) less than the lift pressure of the safety valve.

For guidance on vessel sizing refer to Table 6, Frame 6. For further details refer to BS.5449 and the British Gas Corporation publication : Material and Installation Specifications for Domestic Central Heating & Hot Water.

### 5. Cylinder

The cylinder must be either of the indirect coil type or a direct cylinder fitted with an immersion calorifier which is suitable for operating on a gauge pressure of 0.35 bar (5lb./in<sup>2</sup>) in excess of the safety valve setting. *Single feed indirect cylinders are not suitable for sealed systems.*

### 6. Make-up Water

Provision must be made for replacing water loss from the system, either:

- From a manually fitted make-up vessel with a readily visible water level. The vessel should be mounted at least 150mm (6") above the highest point of the system and be connected through a non-return valve to the system, fitted at least 300mm (12") below the make-up vessel on the return side of the domestic hot water cylinder or radiators.
- Where access to a make-up vessel would be difficult by pre-pressurisation of the system. Refer to 'Filling.'

## GENERAL

### 6 SEALED SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS - continued

#### 7. Mains Connection

There must be no direct connection to the mains water supply or to the water storage tank supplying domestic water, even through a non-return valve, without the approval of the local water authority.

#### 8. Filling

The system may be filled by one of the following methods:

- a. Through a cistern, used for no other purposes, via a ball valve permanently connected directly to a service pipe and / or a cold water distributing pipe.

The static head available from the cistern should be adequate to provide the desired initial system design pressure. The cold feed pipe from the cistern should include a non-return valve and a stop valve with an automatic air vent connected between them, the stop valve being located between the system and the automatic air vent. The stop valve may remain open during normal operation of the system if automatic water make-up is required.

- b. Through a self-contained unit comprising a cistern, pressure booster pump (if required) and, if necessary, an automatic pressure reducing valve and flow restrictor. The cistern should be supplied through a temporary connection from a service pipe or cold water distributing pipe.

This unit may remain permanently connected to the heating system to provide limited automatic water make-up. Where the temporary connection is supplied from a service pipe or distributing pipe which also supplies other

draw-off points at a lower level then a double check valve shall be installed upstream of the draw-off point.

- c. Through a temporary hose connection from a draw-off tap supplied from a service pipe under mains pressure. Where the mains pressure is excessive a pressure-reducing valve shall be used to facilitate filling.

The following fittings shall form a permanent part of the system and shall be fitted in the order stated:

A stop valve complying with the requirements of BS. 1010, Part 2 (the hose from the draw-off tap shall be connected to this fitting).

A test cock.

A double check valve of an approved type.

- Thoroughly flush out the whole of the system with cold water, without the pump in position.
- With the pump fitted, fill and vent the system until the pressure gauge registers 1.5 bar (21.5lb/in<sup>2</sup>).  
Examine for leaks.
- Check the operation of the safety valve by manually raising the water pressure until the valve lifts. This should occur within  $\pm 0.3$  bar ( $\pm 4.3$ lb/in<sup>2</sup>) of the preset lift pressure.
- Release water from the system until the initial system design pressure is reached.
- Light the boiler and heat the system to the maximum working temperature. Examine for leaks.
- Turn off the boiler and drain the system while still hot.
- Refill and vent the system.

**Sizing procedure for expansion vessels:** The volume of the expansion vessel (litres) fitted to a sealed system shall not be less than that given by Table 6, multiplied by a factor of 0.8 (for flow temperatures of less than 88 °C).

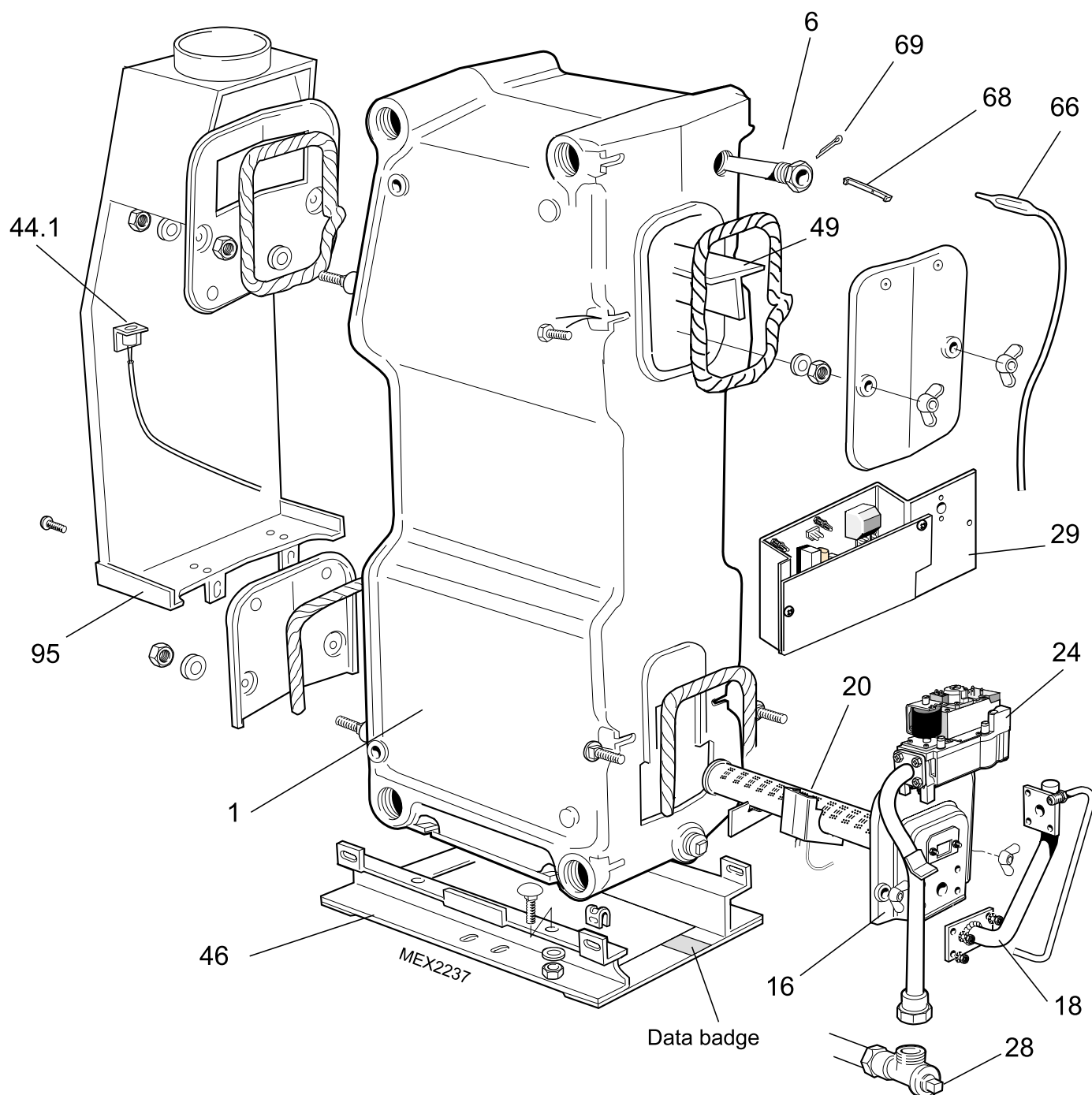
Table 6

Safety valve setting	3.0 bar			2.5 bar			2.0 bar	
Vessel charge and initial system pressure	0.5 bar	1.0 bar	1.5 bar	0.5 bar	1.0 bar	1.5 bar	0.5 bar	1.0 bar
Total water content of system (litres)	Expansion vessel volume (litres)							
25	2.1	2.7	3.9	2.3	3.3	5.9	2.8	5.0
50	4.2	5.4	7.8	4.7	6.7	11.8	5.6	10.0
75	6.3	8.2	11.7	7.0	10.0	17.7	8.4	15.0
100	8.3	10.9	15.6	9.4	13.4	23.7	11.3	20.0
125	10.4	13.6	19.5	11.7	16.7	29.6	14.1	25.0
150	12.5	16.3	23.4	14.1	20.1	35.5	16.9	30.0
175	14.6	19.1	27.3	16.4	23.4	41.4	19.7	35.0
200	16.7	21.8	31.2	18.8	26.8	47.4	22.6	40.0
225	18.7	24.5	35.1	21.1	30.1	53.3	25.4	45.0
250	20.8	27.2	39.0	23.5	33.5	59.2	28.2	50.0
275	22.9	30.0	42.9	25.8	36.8	65.1	31.0	55.0
300	25.0	32.7	46.8	28.2	40.2	71.1	33.9	60.0
Multiplying factors for other system volumes	0.0833	0.109	0.156	0.094	0.134	0.237	0.113	0.20

# INSTALLATION

## 7 BOILER ASSEMBLY - Exploded View

insulation not shown for clarity



### LEGEND

- |                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| 1. Heat exchanger.        | 44.1. TTB downdraught 'stat & bracket. |
| 6. Thermostat pocket.     | 46. Boiler feet assembly.              |
| 16. Front plate assembly. | 49. Flue baffle                        |
| 18. Burner manifold       | 66. Thermostat                         |
| 20. Main burner.          | 68. Retaining clip                     |
| 24. Gas valve.            | 69. Split pin.                         |
| 28. Gas cock.             | 95. Draught diverter assy.             |
| 29. PCB box.              |  |

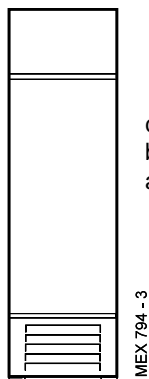
## INSTALLATION

### 8 UNPACKING

To avoid damage to the boiler casing it is recommended that the casing is removed BEFORE the boiler body is taken off the pallet.

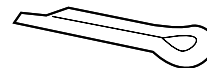
#### PACK CONTENTS

- complete boiler assembly
- the Hardware Pack (listed separately)
- these Installation and Servicing Instructions
- User's Instructions.



#### HARDWARE PACK

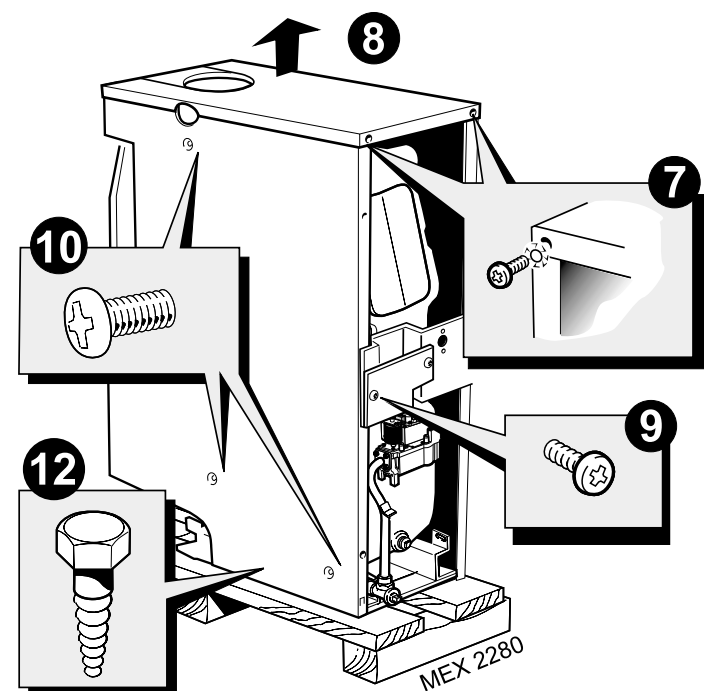
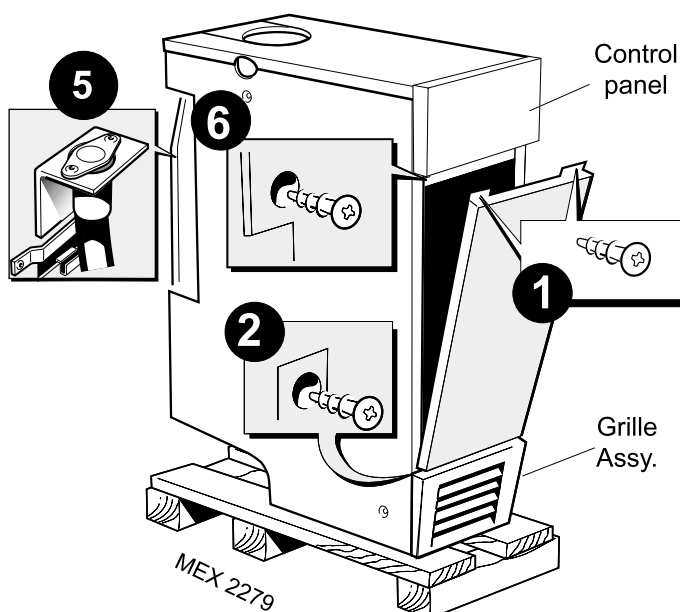
- 1" BSP plugs - 2 off
- Split pin - 1 off



### 9 BOILER CASING REMOVAL

It is preferable to remove the casing to install the boiler.

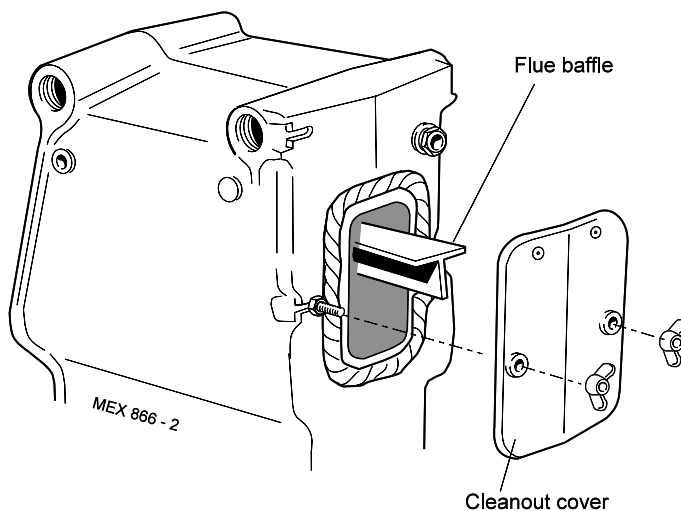
1. Undo the 2 screws and lift off the lower front panel.
2. Remove 2 screws and lift off the grille assembly.
3. Disconnect the in-line connector on the PCB lead.
4. Remove the Burner On neon cable from the back of the control panel.
5. Unclip the TTB thermostat from the draught diverter back panel.
6. Remove the 2 screws securing the control panel and disengage the panel by lowering and pulling it forward. In order to remove the control panel entirely the TTB thermostat has to be carefully released.
7. Remove the 2 screws securing the top panel to the side.
8. Draw the top panel forward and lift it off the boiler.



9. Undo the 2 screws securing the PCB box to the side panels and carefully rest it on the top of the gas valve.
10. Remove the 3 screws securing each side panel to the boiler.
11. Remove each side panel.
12. The boiler is held to the packaging base by 2 M6 hex head screws. Remove the screws and remove the boiler from the packaging base.

## 10 CHECKING THE FLUEWAY BAFFLES

1. Remove the flue cleanout cover.
2. Check that the baffle is seated correctly.



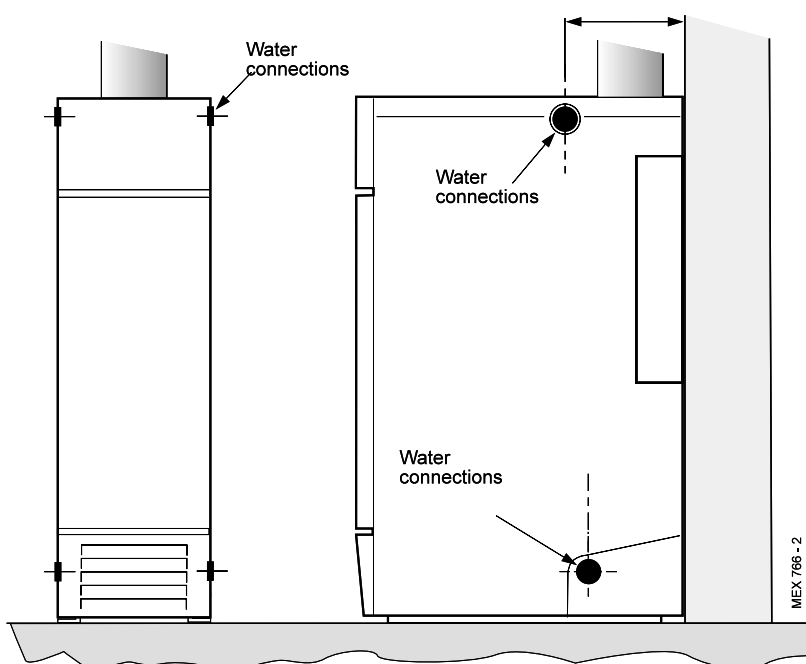
## 11 PREPARING THE BOILER

### Note.

Before placing the boiler in the selected position any gas and water connections at the rear of the boiler should be prepared, due to the possible lack of access.

1. Fully pumped systems using more than 1 pump, serving separate zones, must have a common return connection to the boiler .
2. Select the desired pumped flow tapping.
3. Connect pipe fittings to the rear tapings and plug any unused tapings.
4. Place the boiler in position.

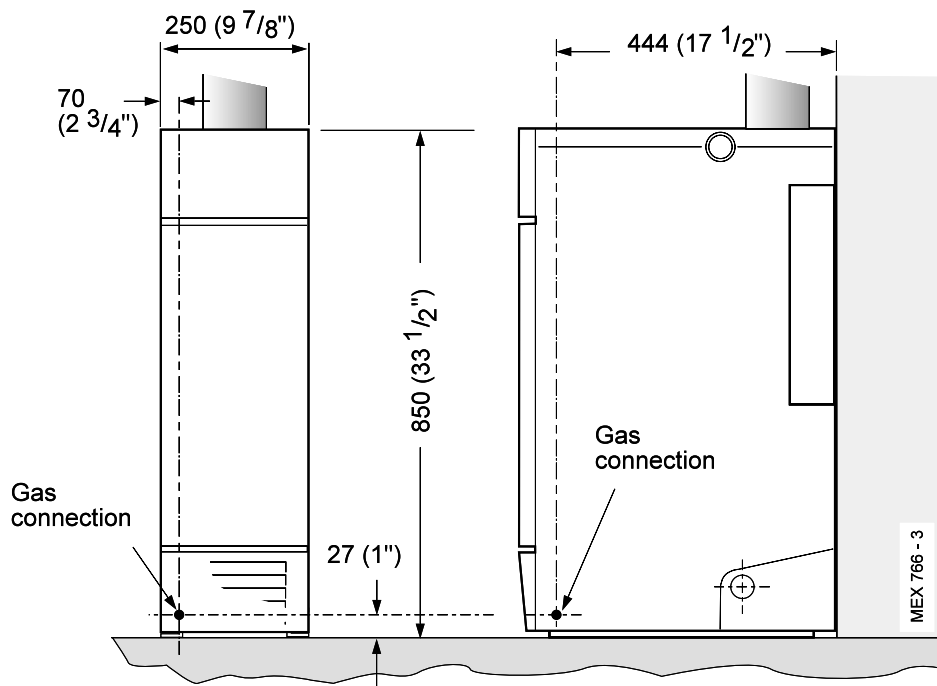
**Note.** The pump may be fitted on the FLOW or RETURN.



## INSTALLATION

### 12 GAS CONNECTION

1. A MINIMUM working gas pressure of 20 mbar (8 in.w.g.) MUST be available at the boiler inlet, with the boiler operating.
2. Extend a gas supply pipe NOT LESS THAN 15mm (1/2") OD to the boiler and connect to the gas cock situated at the bottom LH side of the boiler. Attachment to the gas supply may be either left or right hand.
3. Test the gas installation for soundness and purge in accordance with BS.6891: 1988. Refer to Frame 24.



### 13 WATER CONNECTIONS

#### Notes.

- a. Isolating valves must be fitted as close to the pump as possible.
- b. The boiler is not suitable for use with a direct hot water cylinder.
- c. Gravity connections MUST be at least 28 mm (1").
- d. The front top and bottom plugged connections MUST NOT BE USED.
- e. 2 spare blanking off plugs are provided in the Hardware Pack, for use as necessary in the rear flow or return water connections.

1. Connect the system flow and return pipework to the boiler as appropriate.  
Refer to Frames 3 and 4 for guidance on system design.
2. Ensure that all valves are open.  
Fill and vent the system and check for water soundness.

## 14 FLUE CONNECTION

Connect the flue pipe to the flue outlet.

The flue pipe spigot and socket connections should be sealed with fibreglass rope or similar, and suitable fireclay cement.

### Notes.

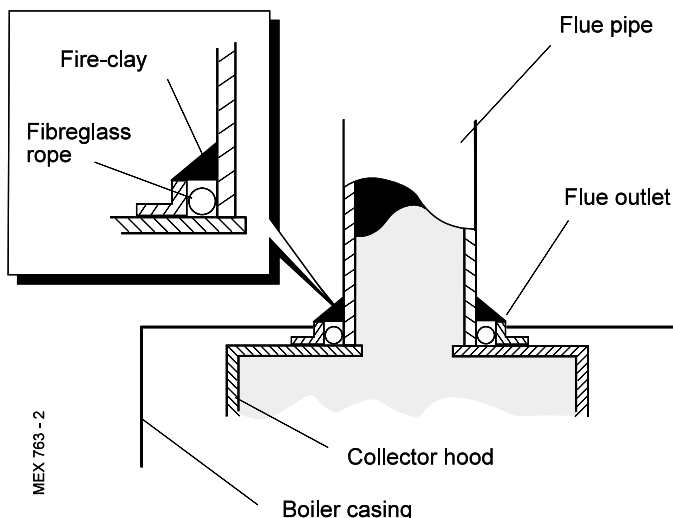
a. The boiler flue connection outlet size is suitable for flue pipe conforming to BS 567.

If sheet steel flue pipe is fitted, a suitable adaptor must be used.

b. To facilitate installation and subsequent disconnection it is recommended that a slip or split socket be included in the flue installation, adjacent to the boiler flue outlet connection.

c. A minimum of 600mm (2') of vertical flue directly above the boiler should be provided.

### Detail of flue connection sealing arrangement



## 15 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

### WARNING

The appliance MUST be efficiently earthed.

A mains supply of 230 V ~ 50 Hz is required.

All external controls and wiring MUST be suitable for mains voltage.

Wiring should be in 3-core PVC insulated cable NOT LESS than 0.75 mm<sup>2</sup> (24 x 0.2 mm) to BS.6500, Table 16.

Wiring external to the boiler MUST be in accordance with current I.E.E. (BS 7671) Wiring Regulations and local regulations.

Connection must be made in a way that allows complete isolation of the electrical supply - such as a double pole switch, having a 3mm (1/8") contact separation in both poles, or a plug and socket serving only the boiler and system controls. The means of isolation must be accessible to the user after installation.

The fuse rating should be 3A.

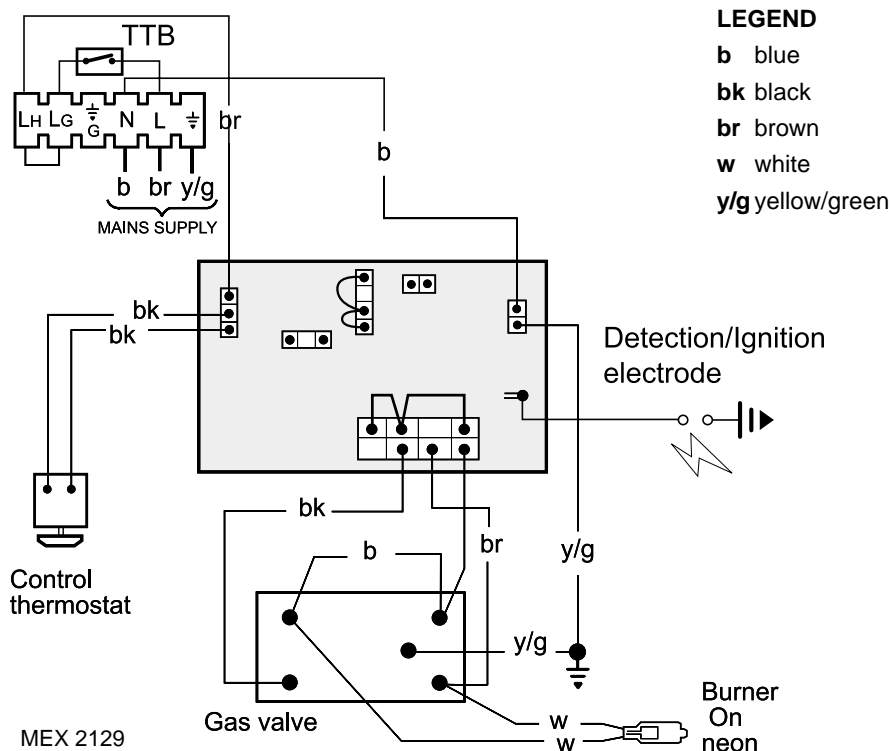
## 16 INTERNAL WIRING

Flow and pictorial wiring diagrams are shown in Frames 17 and 18.

1. Remove the securing screw and lift off the control box cover.
2. Route the electrical leads into the box and wire into the terminal strip, as shown.

### Notes.

- a. Secure each lead with one of the cable clamps.
- b. The mains lead connection MUST be made so that, should the lead slip from its anchorage, the current conductors become taut before the earthing conductor.



# INSTALLATION

## 17 EXTERNAL CONTROLS

External wiring must be in accordance with the current I.E.E. (BS 7671) Wiring Regulations.

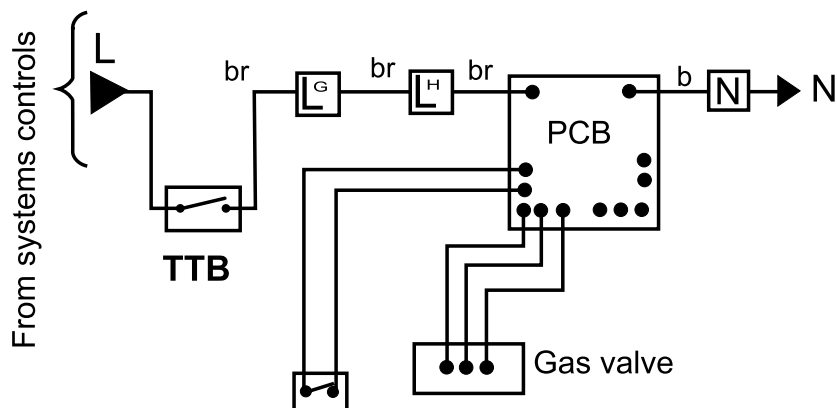
The wiring diagrams illustrated in Frames 19-21 cover the systems most likely to be fitted to this appliance.

For wiring external controls to the **Mexico Slimline CF440** boiler reference should be made to the system wiring diagrams supplied by the relevant manufacturer, in conjunction with the flow wiring diagram below and also Frame 18.

Difficulty in wiring should not arise, providing the following directions are observed:

1. Controls that switch the system ON and OFF, e.g. a time switch, **MUST** be wired, in series, in the live mains lead to the boiler.
2. Controls that override an ON/OFF control, e.g. a frost thermostat, **MUST** be wired into the mains lead, in parallel, with the control(s) to be overridden. Refer to Frame 20.

## Flow wiring diagram



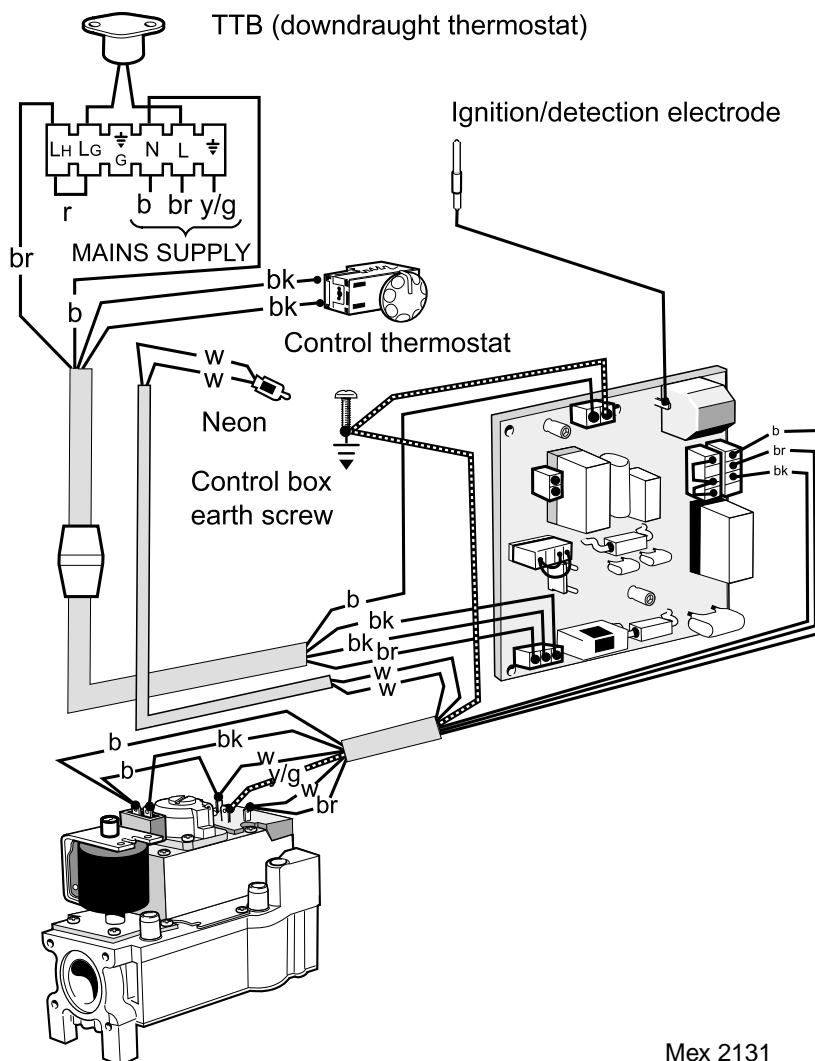
Boiler thermostat

MEX 2130

3. If a proprietary system is used, follow the instructions supplied by the manufacturer.

**Note.** If there are no external controls the circulating pump **MUST** be wired into the control box.

## 18 PICTORIAL WIRING



### LEGEND

- w white
- r red
- bk black
- br brown
- v violet
- b blue
- gy grey
- y/g yellow/green

Mex 2131



## 19 MID POSITION VALVE

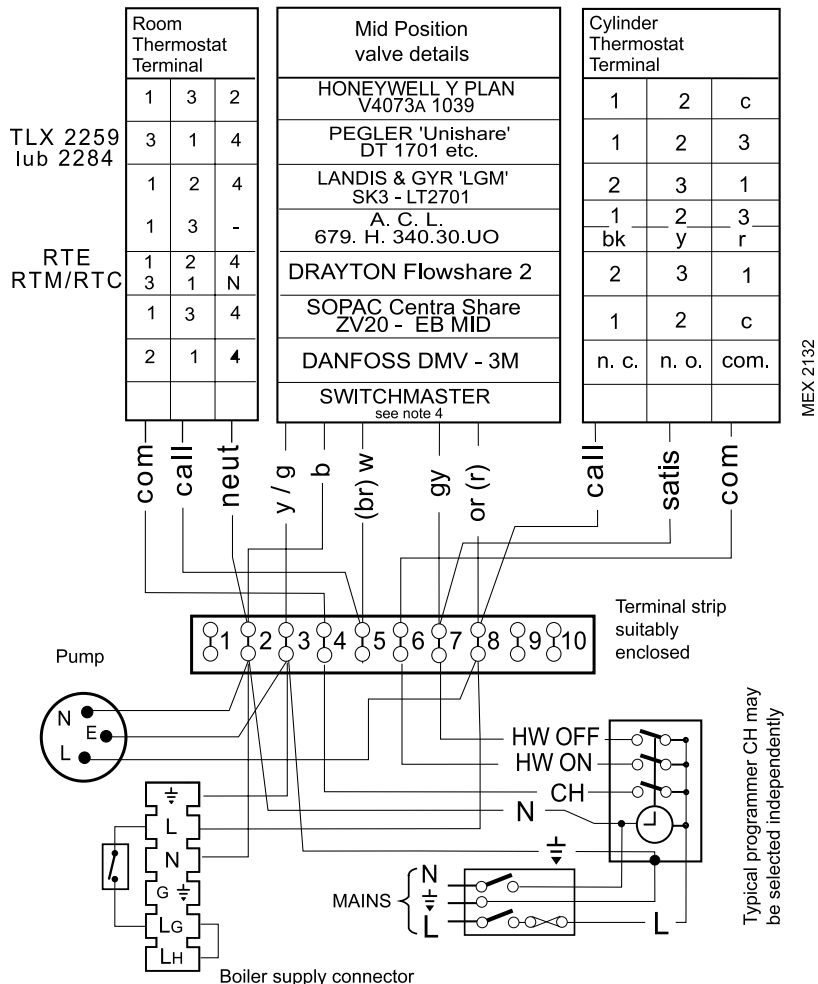
### Pumped Only

#### Notes.

1. Some earth wires are omitted for clarity. Ensure proper earth continuity when wiring.
2. Numbering of terminals on thermostats is specific to the manufacturer indicated.
3. This is a fully controlled system - set the boiler thermostat to maximum.
4. 'Switchmaster Midi' is similar in operation but the wiring differs slightly; see manufacturer's literature.

#### LEGEND

b	blue	or	orange
bk	black	w	white
br	brown	gy	grey
r	red	y/g	yellow/green



## 20 TWO SPRING CLOSED VALVES

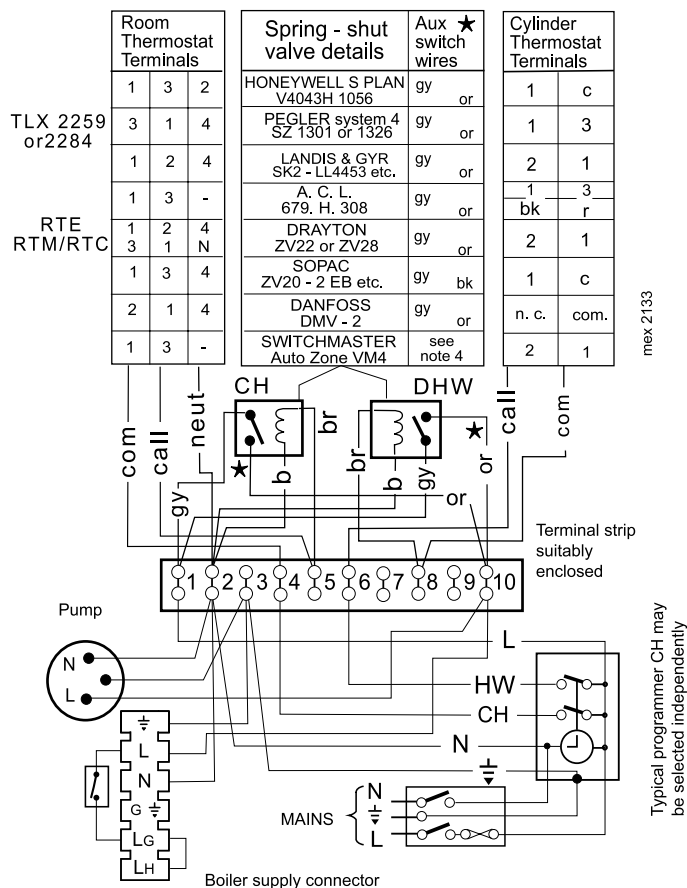
### Pumped Only

#### Notes.

1. Some earth wires are omitted for clarity. Ensure proper earth continuity when wiring.
2. Numbering of terminals on thermostats is specific to the manufacturer.
3. This is a fully controlled system - set the boiler thermostat to maximum.
4. 'Switchmaster Autozone' has grey and orange auxiliary switch leads but the ORANGE (NOT the grey) wire must be connected to the incoming live supply.

#### LEGEND

b	blue	or	orange
bk	black	w	white
br	brown	gy	grey
r	red	y/g	yellow/green



# INSTALLATION

## 21 HONEYWELL 'C' PLAN

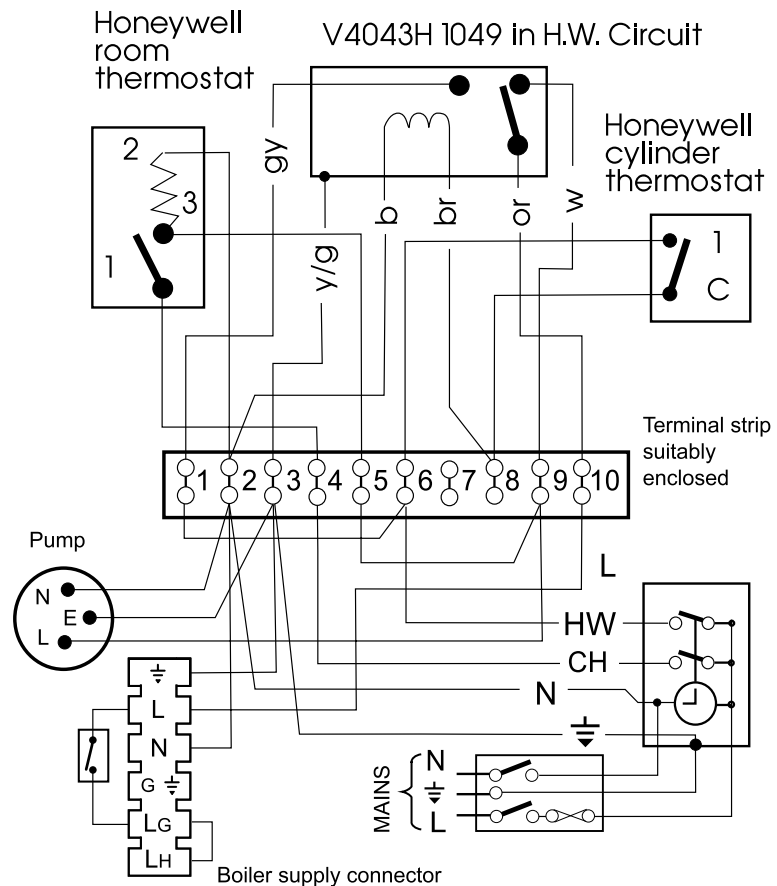
Gravity HW & Pumped CH

### Notes.

1. Some earth wires are omitted for clarity. Ensure proper earth continuity when wiring
2. Numbering of terminals on thermostats is specific to the manufacturer.

### LEGEND

b	blue
bk	black
br	brown
r	red
or	orange
w	white
gy	grey
y/g	yellow/green



MEX 2134

## 20 FROST PROTECTION

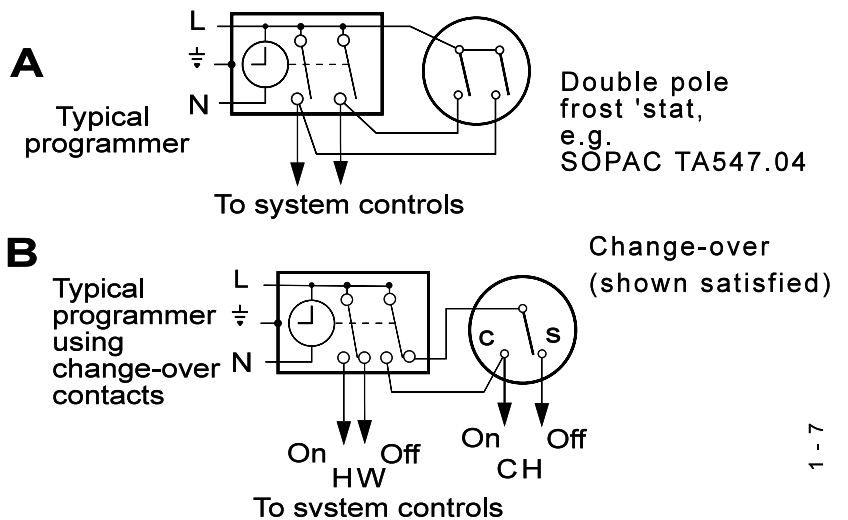
Central heating systems fitted wholly inside the house do not normally require frost protection as the house acts as a 'storage heater' and can normally be left at least 24 hrs. without frost damage. However, if parts of the pipework run outside the house or if the boiler will be left off for more than a day or so then a frost 'stat' should be wired into the system.

This is usually done at the programmer, in which case the programme selector switches are set to OFF and all other controls MUST be left in the running position.

The frost 'stat' should be sited in a cold place but where it can sense heat from the system.

Wiring should be as shown, with minimal disturbance to other wiring of the programmer.

Designation of the terminals will vary, but the programmer and thermostat manufacturer's leaflets will give full details.



**Diagram A** shows a double pole frost thermostat, which should suffice for all systems which do not use the OFF terminals of the programmer.

**Diagram B** shows a 'change-over' frost thermostat, which will cover most systems which do use CH OFF. If, however, on such a system the HW pipework is in an isolated part of the house, a second frost thermostat may be used to protect it.

If in doubt, ask your installer for advice.

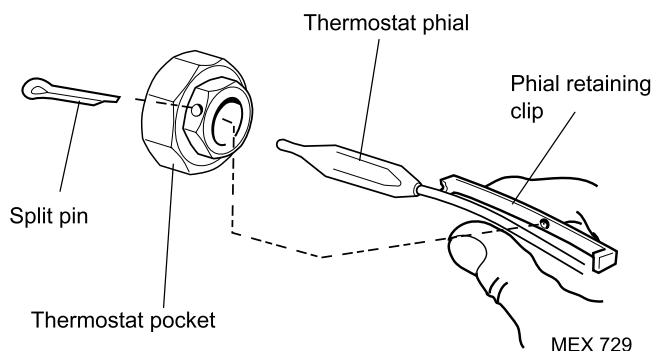
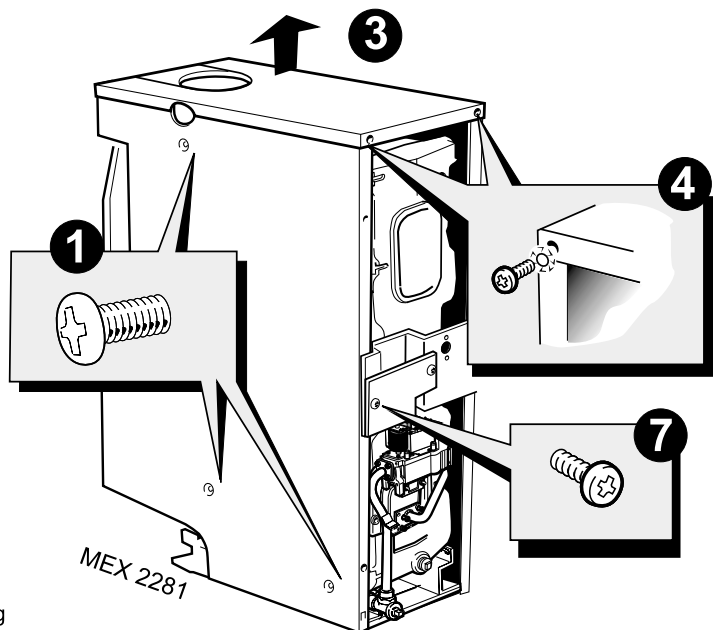
1 - 7

## 23 FITTING THE CASING

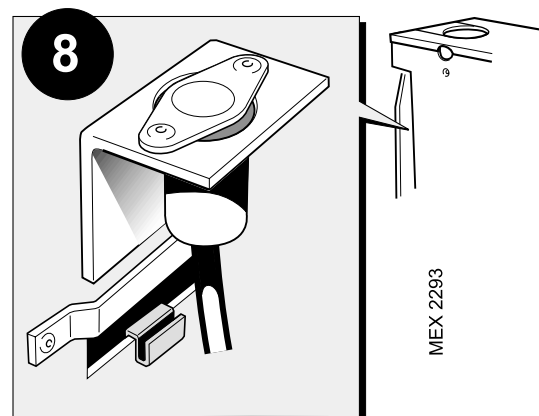
1. Offer up the LH side panel and secure the panel to the baseplate and heat exchanger.
2. Repeat step 1 to refit the RH side panel.
3. Place the top panel on top of the side panels.
4. Secure the top panel to the side panels.

### IMPORTANT.

Wiring within the boiler casing must be neatly secured with the cable straps provided and **MUST NOT** be allowed to touch the burner front plate, cleanout cover or the collector hood.



5. Insert the thermostat phial into the thermostat pocket. Take care not to kink the thermostat capillary as it is unwound, and secure it with the split pin as shown.
6. Replace the control box cover and refit the control panel using the screws previously removed.
7. Secure the PCB box to the casing side panels.
8. Reconnect the in-line connector, refit the TTB thermostat and the Burner On neon cable.



## 24 COMMISSIONING AND TESTING

### A. ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

1. Checks to ensure electrical safety should be carried out by a competent person.
2. ALWAYS carry out preliminary electrical system checks, i.e. earth continuity, polarity, resistance to earth and short circuit using a suitable test meter.

### B. GAS INSTALLATION

1. The whole of the gas installation, including the meter, **MUST** be inspected and tested for soundness, and purged in accordance with the recommendations of BS. 6891.
2. Purging air from the gas installation may be expedited by loosening the union on the gas service cock on the boiler and purging until gas is detected.
3. Retighten the union and check for gas soundness.

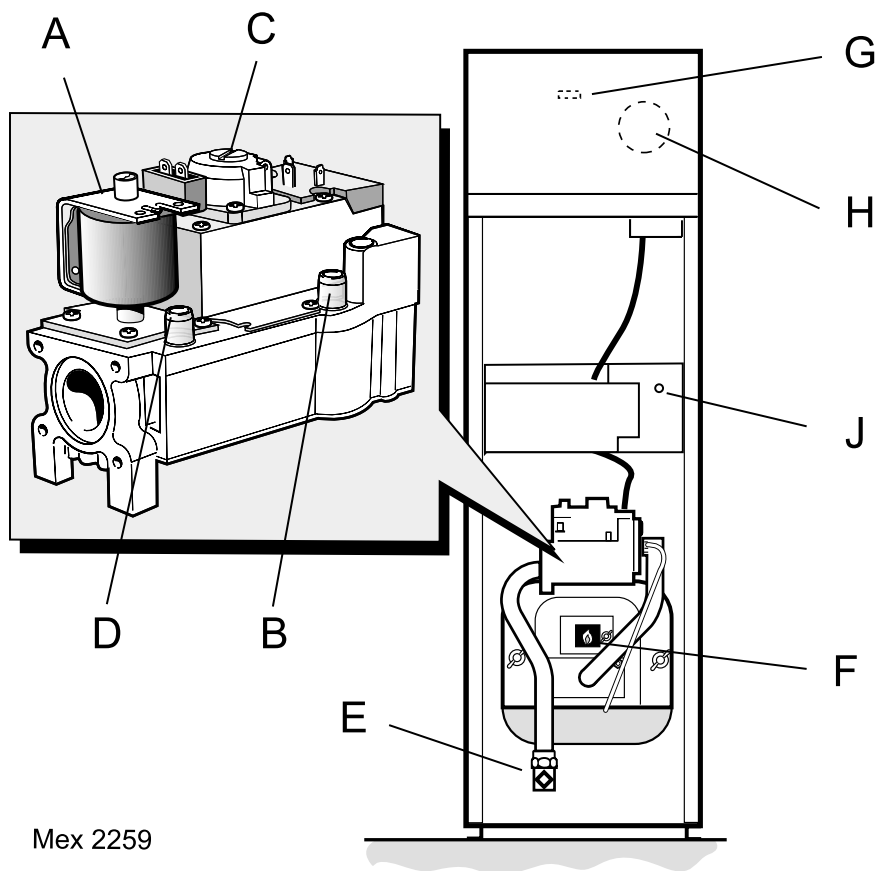
### C. WATER CIRCULATING SYSTEM

1. The whole of the system should be thoroughly flushed out with cold water **WITHOUT** the pump in position. Ensure that all valves are open.
2. With the pump fitted the system should be filled and air locks cleared. Check for water soundness.

**WARNING.** Whilst effecting the required gas soundness test and purging air from the gas installation, open all windows and doors, extinguish naked lights and **DO NOT SMOKE.**

# INSTALLATION

## 25 INITIAL LIGHTING



Mex 2259

### LEGEND

- A Gas control valve.
- B Burner pressure test point.
- C Main burner pressure adjuster.
- D Inlet pressure test point.
- E Gas service cock.
- F Sightglass.
- G Boiler On neon.
- H Boiler thermostat knob.
- J Overheat thermostat reset button (optional)

## TO LIGHT THE BOILER

1. Check that all the drain cocks are closed and any valves in the flow and return are open.
2. Check that the gas service cock (E) is OPEN and the boiler mains on/off switch is OFF.
3. Slacken the screw in the burner pressure test point (B) and connect a gas pressure gauge via a flexible tube.
4. Switch the electricity supply ON and check that all external controls are calling for heat.
5. Set the boiler thermostat knob (G) to position 6. The pilot solenoid valve should open and the intermittent spark commence, continuing until the pilot is established. The main burner will then cross-light smoothly. If this sequence does not occur, refer to the Fault Finding section.
6. Test for gas soundness around ALL boiler gas components using leak detection fluid.
7. Operate the boiler for 10 minutes to stabilise the burner temperature.
8. The boiler is preset at the factory. If the burner setting requires adjustment remove the sealing cap and turn the adjusting screw clockwise to increase; anticlockwise to decrease the pressure until the required burner pressure is achieved. Refer to Table 2, page 2. Refit the sealing cap.
9. Immediately check that there is no spillage of combustion products from the draught diverter outlets by carrying out a spillage test, as detailed in BS.5440-1:2000.
10. Set the boiler mains on/off switch to OFF.
11. Remove the pressure gauge and tube. Retighten the sealing screw in the pressure test point.
12. Turn ON and check for gas soundness at the pressure test point.
13. Refit the grille and lower front panel, and secure with the fixing screws.

## 26 GENERAL CHECKS

**Make the following checks for correct operation:**

1. Turn the boiler thermostat OFF and ON to check that the main burner is extinguished and relit in response.
2. Set the boiler thermostat knob to position 6 and operate the mains on/off switch. Check that the main burner lights and extinguishes in response.
3. Check that the programmer, if fitted, and all other system controls function correctly.

Operate each control separately and check that the main burner or circulating pump (as the case may be) responds.

### 4. Water Circulation System

- a. With the system HOT, examine all water connections for soundness.
  - b. With the system still hot, turn off the gas, water and electricity supplies to the boiler and drain down, in order to complete the flushing process.
  - c. Refill and vent the system, clear all air locks and again check for water soundness.
  - d. Balance the system.
5. Finally, set the controls to the user's requirements and refit the lower panel and close the controls door.

### Notes.

- a. If an optional programmer kit is fitted refer to the separate Programmer Kit Installation Instructions and User's Instructions.
- b. The temperatures quoted below are approximate and vary between installations.

Thermostat Knob Setting	Flow Temperature	
	°C	°F
1	54	130
2	60	140
3	66	150
4	71	160
5	77	170
6	82	180

## 27 HANDING OVER

**After completing the installation and commissioning of the system the installer should hand over to the householder by the following actions:**

1. Hand the User's Instructions to the householder and explain his or her responsibilities under the current Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations or rules in force.
2. Draw attention to the lighting instruction label affixed to the inside of the controls door.
3. Explain and demonstrate the lighting and shutting down procedures including the function of the TTB downdraught thermostat.
4. The operation of the boiler and the use and adjustment of ALL system controls should be fully explained to the householder, to ensure the greatest possible fuel economy consistent with household requirements of both heating and hot water consumption.  
  
Advise the User of the precautions necessary to prevent damage to the system and to the building, in the event of the system remaining inoperative during frosty conditions.
5. Explain the function and the use of the boiler thermostat and external controls.
6. Explain and demonstrate the function of time and temperature controls, radiator valves etc., for the economic use of the system.
7. If an optional Programmer Kit is fitted then draw attention to the Programmer User's Instructions and hand them to the householder.
8. **After installation, commissioning and customer hand-over please complete the *benchmark* appliance log book and leave this with the customer.**
9. Stress the importance of regular servicing by a CORGI registered installer and that a comprehensive service should be carried out AT LEAST ONCE A YEAR.

## 28 SCHEDULE

To ensure the continued safe and efficient operation of the appliance, it is recommended that it is checked at regular intervals and serviced as necessary. The frequency of servicing will depend upon the installation condition and usage but should be carried out at least annually.

It is the law that any service work must be carried out by a CORGI registered installer.

- a. Light the boiler and carry out a pre-service check, noting any operational faults.
- b. Clean the main burner.
- c. Clean the heat exchanger.
- d. Clean the main injectors.

- e. Check that the flue is unobstructed and that the flue system, including the flue cleanout cover, is sealed correctly.
- f. If the appliance has been installed in a compartment, check that the ventilation areas are clear.

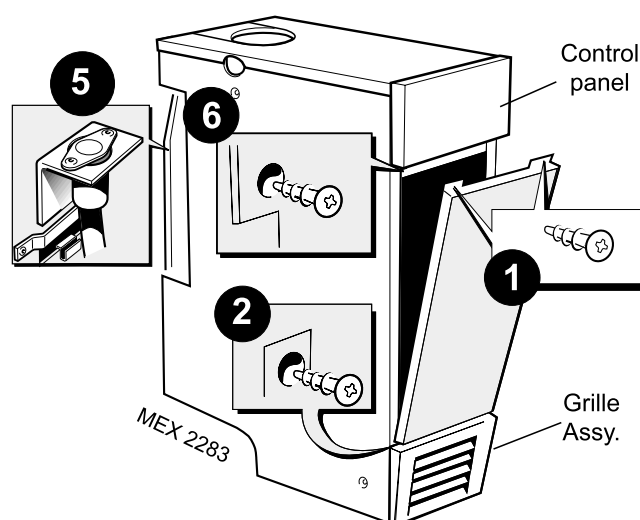
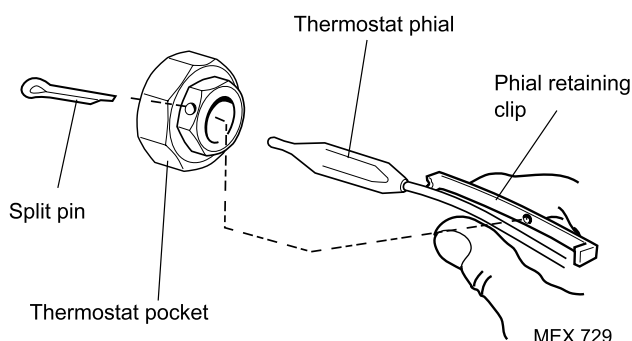
The servicing procedures are covered more fully in Frames 29 to 34 and **MUST** be carried out in sequence.

**WARNING.** Always turn OFF the gas supply at the gas service cock and switch OFF and DISCONNECT the electrical supply to the appliance **BEFORE SERVICING**.

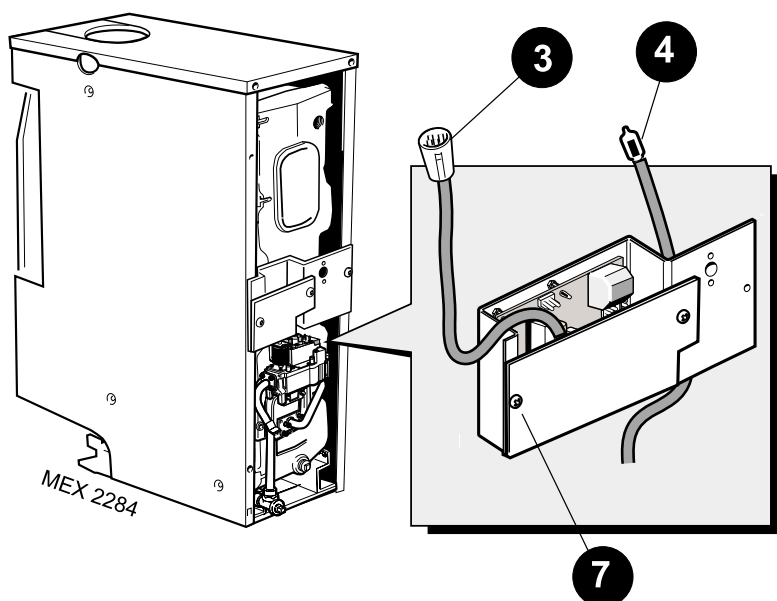
**IMPORTANT.** After completing the servicing or exchange of components always test for gas soundness and carry out functional checks as appropriate and test for spillage.

## 29 BOILER CASING REMOVAL

1. Undo the 2 screws and lift off the lower front panel.
2. Remove 2 screws and lift off the grille assembly.
3. Disconnect the in-line connector on the PCB lead.
4. Remove the Burner On neon cable from the back of the control panel.
5. Unclip the TTB thermostat from the draught diverter back panel.



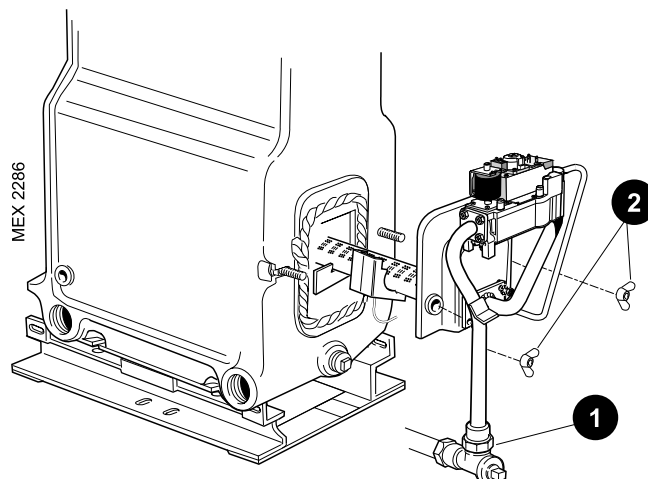
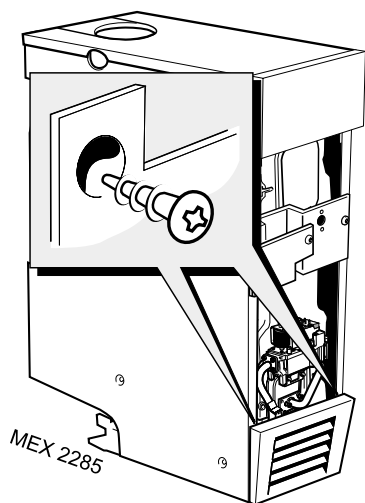
6. Remove the 2 screws securing the control panel and disengage the panel by lowering and pulling it forward.
7. Undo the 2 screws securing the PCB box to the side panels and carefully rest it on the top of the gas valve.
8. Remove the thermostat phial from the pocket, as shown.
9. If the boiler is not fitted under a work top, access for flue cleaning will be improved by removing the top panel.





## 30 BURNER AND CONTROLS ASSEMBLY

1. Remove the 2 screws and lift off the front panel and remove the grille assembly from the casing. Refer to Frame 29.
2. Disconnect the electrical leads from the gas valve.
3. Disconnect the ignition lead from the PCB.
4. Undo the gas service cock union nut.
5. Remove the 2 wing nuts and withdraw the burner and controls assembly, complete, from the boiler.
6. When replacing a defective main burner bar it is most important that the baffles are fitted to the new burner.



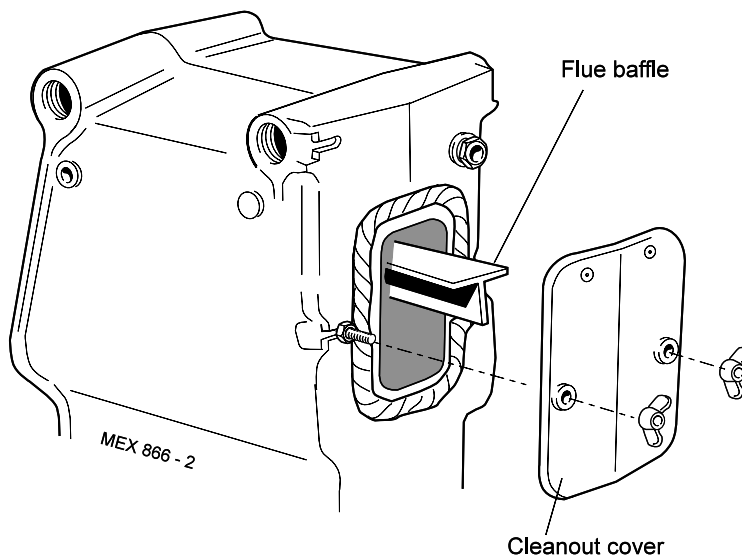
## 31 CLEANING THE BURNER ASSEMBLY

1. Remove the 2 split pins securing the burner end cap. The cap, together with the circular gauze, can now be removed from the burner bar. Clean the gauze to remove any deposits of lint, fluff etc.
  2. Brush off any deposits that may have fallen onto the burner head, ensuring that the flame ports are unobstructed, and remove any debris that may have collected.
- Note.** Brushes with metallic bristles **MUST NOT** be used.
3. Remove the main burner injector. Check, clean or replace, as required.
  4. Refit the injector, using an approved jointing compound.

5. Inspect the pilot burner and ignition electrode; ensure they are clear and in good condition.
- Check that:
- a. The pilot burner is clean and unobstructed.
  - b. The pilot shield is clean and unobstructed.
  - c. The ignition electrode is clean and undamaged.
  - d. The ignition lead is in good condition and securely connected.
  - e. The spark gap is correct. Refer to Frame 42.
  - f. The sightglass is clean and undamaged.
6. Clean or renew components as necessary.

## 32 CLEANING THE FLUEWAYS

1. Lift off lower front panel and remove the grille assembly. Refer to Frames 28 & 29.
2. Undo the gas cock union. Remove the burner assembly.
3. Undo the 2 wing nuts to remove the cleanout cover.
4. Lift out the flue baffle.
5. Remove all loose deposits from the heat exchanger, especially from between the fins, using a suitable brush. Remove all debris from the combustion chamber base
6. Check that the flue outlet duct is unobstructed.



## 33 REASSEMBLY

Reassemble the boiler in the following order :

1. Refit the flue baffle into the boiler flueway, ensuring that it is correctly repositioned. Refer to Frame 10.
2. Refit the flue cleanout cover, renewing any damaged or deteriorating sealing gasket.
3. Refit the casing top panel.
4. Check the sightglass in the front plate - clean or renew as necessary.
5. Renew any damaged or deteriorating front plate gasket.
6. Refit the burner and controls assembly.
7. Refit the thermostat phial and phial retaining clip, ensuring that they are correctly located in the thermostat pocket and secured by the split pin. Refer to Frame 29.
8. Refit the PCB box to the side panels.
9. Refit the control panel.
10. Reconnect the Burner On neon cable to the back of the control panel
11. Refit the in-line connector on the PCB lead.
12. Remake the electrical connections to the gas valve.
13. Reconnect the gas service cock.
14. Refit the grille assembly.

## 34 GAS PRESSURE ADJUSTMENT

### 1. Pilot Pressure

Pilot adjustment is factory set to maximum and no adjustment is possible,

Any required adjustments should be made using the pressure adjustment screw. Refer to Frame 25, 'Initial Lighting'.

### 2. Main Burner Pressure

After servicing, reference should be made to Table 2, page 2, which quotes details of the output with the burner pressure and heat input.

Refit the lower front panel in reverse order. Refer to Frame 29.



## REPLACEMENT OF PARTS

### 35 GENERAL

When replacing any component:

1. Isolate the electricity supply.
2. Remove the lower front panel and grille assembly.
3. Turn off the gas supply at the boiler.

**Note.** In order to assist fault finding, the control box PCB is fitted with 2 indicator lights which represent the following boiler conditions:

**Neon I3** Mains electricity ON.

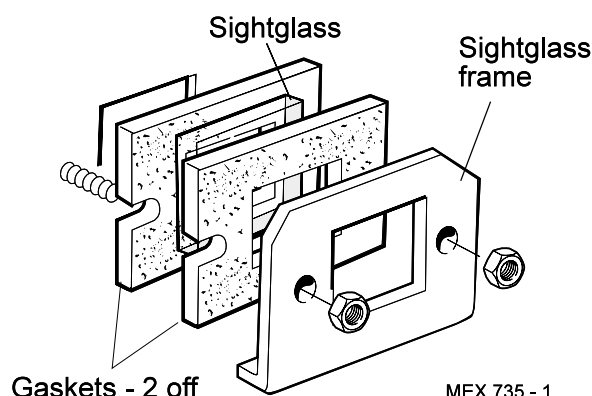
**Neon SG1** Flashes to indicate ignition operation (stops after detection.)

For replacement of programmer units refer to the separate Programmer Kit instructions.

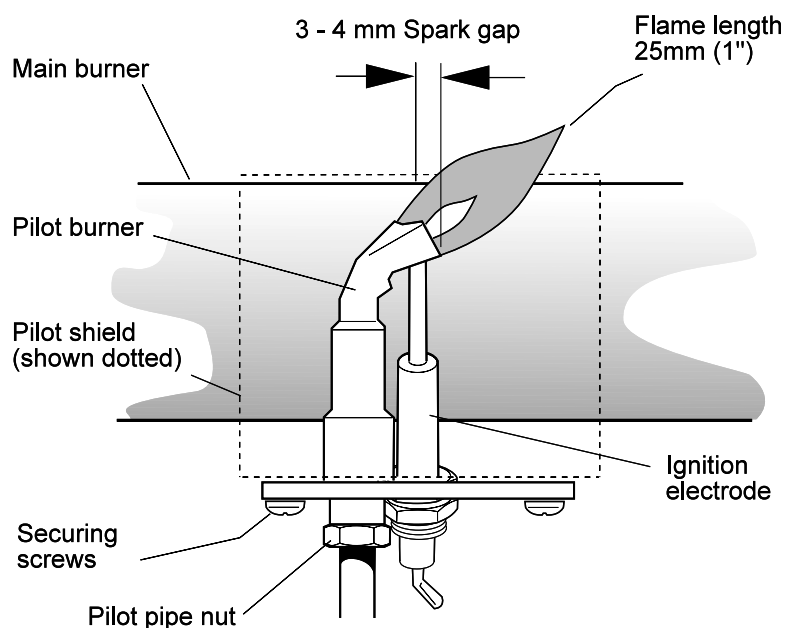
**The boiler MUST NOT be operated if the casing is not fitted.**

### 36 SIGHTGLASS REPLACEMENT

1. Refer to Frame 35.
2. Unfasten the 2 wing nuts and washers. Remove the assembly from the front plate.
3. Fit the new sightglass and reassemble, as shown.
4. Retighten the 2 wing nuts to ensure an airtight seal. *Do NOT overtighten.*



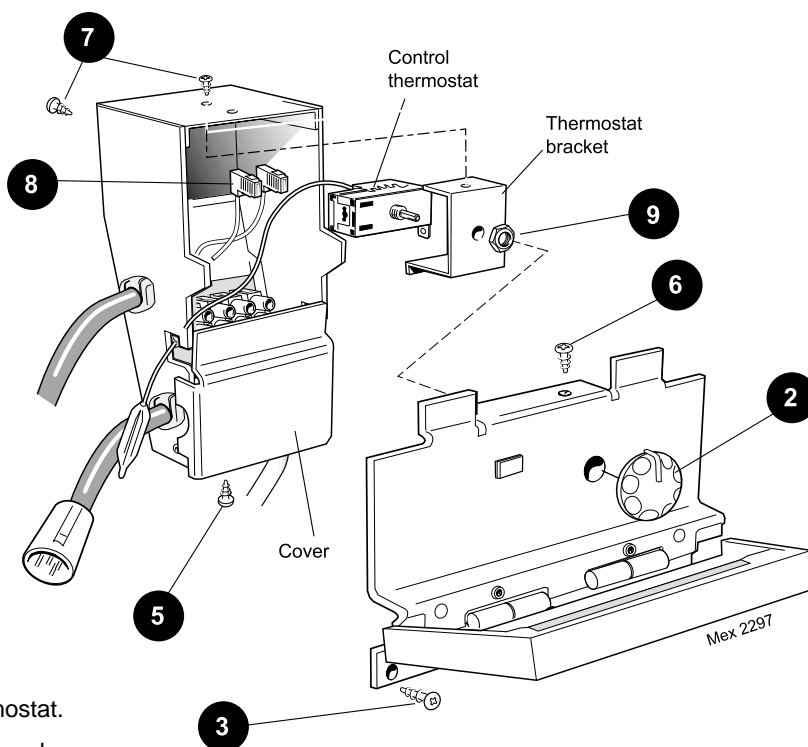
### 37 PILOT BURNER REPLACEMENT



1. Refer to Frame 35.
2. Undo the 2 screws, lift off the front panel and remove the grille assembly. Refer to Frame 29.
3. Disconnect the electrical leads from the gas valve.
4. Disconnect the ignition lead from the PCB.
5. Undo the gas cock union. Remove the 2 wing nuts and withdraw the burner and controls assembly, complete, from the boiler.
6. Remove the ignition electrode. Refer to Frame 42.
7. Undo the pilot supply pipe connection and ease clear of the pilot burner. **DO NOT LOSE** the pilot injector, which is a push-fit in the pilot burner housing.
8. Remove the 2 securing screws and washers, and withdraw the pilot burner.
9. Fit the new pilot burner and reassemble in reverse order, ensuring that:
  - a. The injector is in position when refitting the pilot supply.
  - b. A gas-tight joint is made.
  - c. The spark gap is correct.
10. Reassemble in reverse order.

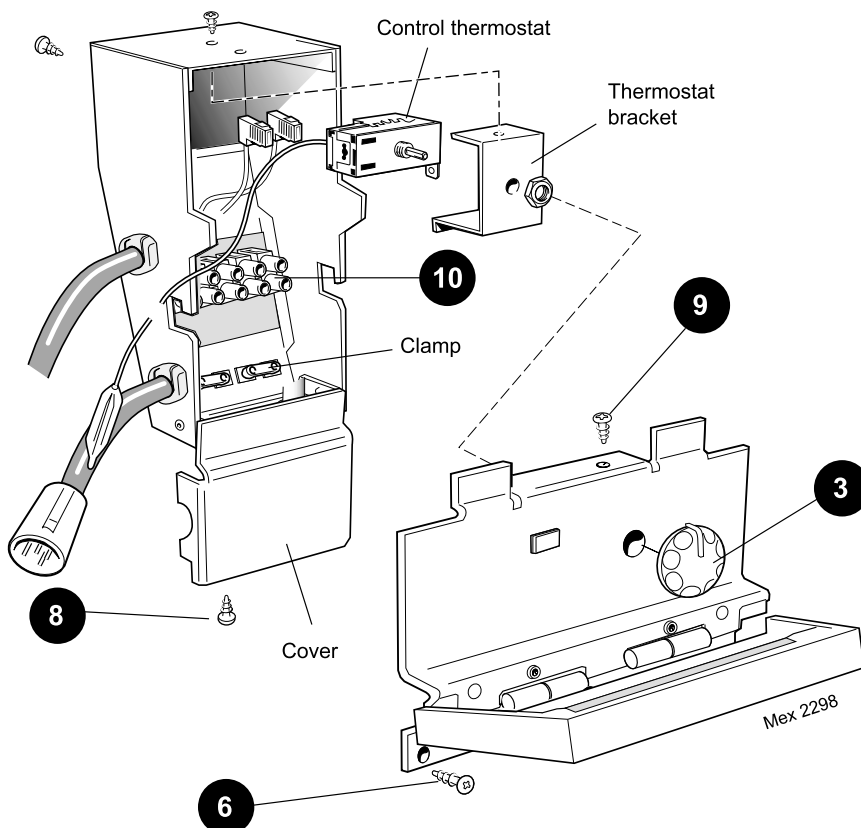
## 38 CONTROL THERMOSTAT REPLACEMENT

1. Refer to Frame 35.
2. Remove 2 screws and lift off the front lower panel. Refer to Frame 29.
3. Disconnect the in-line connector on the PCB lead.
4. Remove the Burner On neon cable from the back of the control panel.
5. Pull off the thermostat knob.
6. Remove the 2 screws and pull down the control panel tabs clear of the top panel.
7. Remove the thermostat phial from the pocket. Refer to Frame 29.
8. Remove the bottom screw and remove the cover.
9. Remove the top screw and ease the control box off the control panel.
10. Remove the 2 screws to release the thermostat bracket.
11. Disconnect the electrical leads.
12. Unscrew the thermostat nut to withdraw the thermostat.
13. Fit the new thermostat and reassemble in reverse order.



## 39 CONTROL PANEL REPLACEMENT

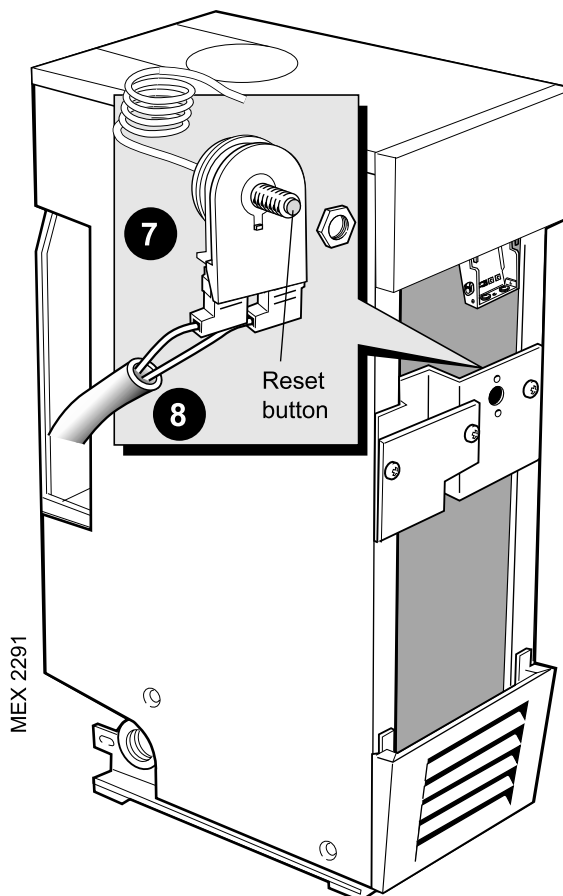
1. Refer to Frame 35.
2. Remove the 2 screws and lift off the lower front panel. Refer to Frame 29.
3. Pull off the thermostat knob.
4. Disconnect the in-line connector on the PCB lead.
5. Remove the Burner On neon cable from the back of the control panel.
6. Unscrew the 2 screws and pull down the control panel so that the 2 tabs clear the top panel.
7. Remove the thermostat phial from the pocket. Refer to Frame 29.
8. Remove the bottom screw and remove the cover from the control box.
9. Remove the top screw and ease the control box off the control panel.
10. Disconnect the mains electrical supply from the terminal strip and release from its clamp.
11. Remove the 2 screws to release the thermostat bracket.
12. Disconnect the TTB thermostat leads from the terminal strip and control thermostat then release from its bush.
13. On the new control box gain access to the control thermostat as described above.



14. Reconnect the TTB thermostat lead to the control thermostat and terminal strip marked 'L<sub>G</sub>'.
15. Assemble new control box and panel and fit to the casing in reverse order.

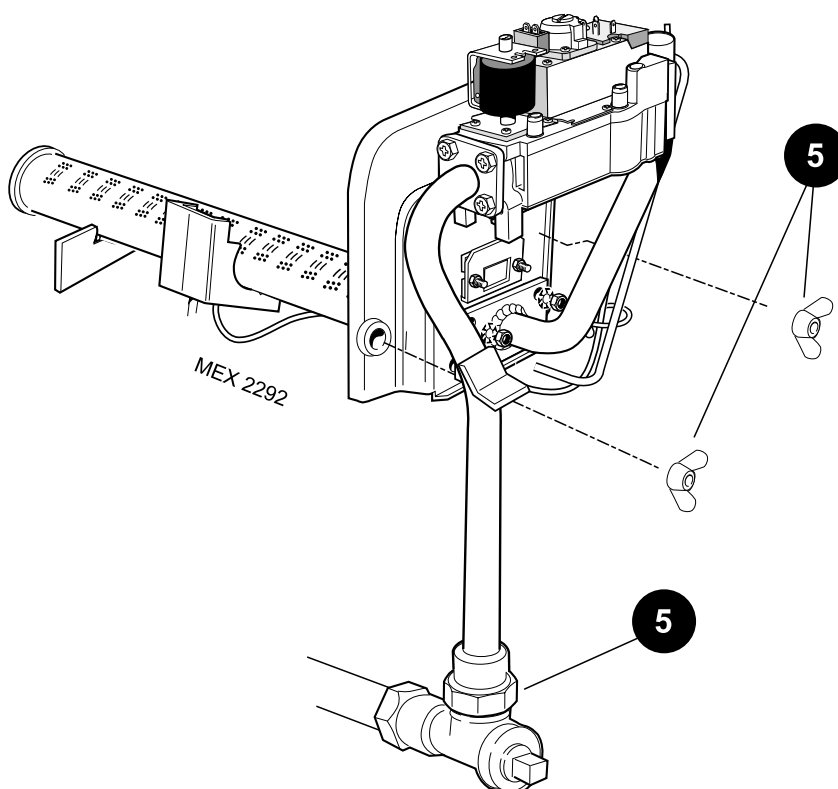
## 40 OVERHEAT THERMOSTAT REPLACEMENT

1. Refer to Frame 35.
2. Remove the 2 screws and lift off the lower front panel. Refer to Frame 29.
3. Disconnect the in-line connector on the PCB lead.
4. Remove the Burner On neon cable from the back of the control panel.
5. Remove the 2 screws and pull down the control panel tabs to clear the top panel.
6. Remove the split pin at the thermostat pocket and withdraw the phials from the pocket.
7. Remove the thermostat retaining nut and withdraw the thermostat from the PCB box.
8. Transfer the electrical leads from the old thermostat to the replacement (polarity is not important).
9. Fit the new thermostat, ensuring that the alignment peg on the thermostat sits in the small hole adjacent to the main fixing hole.
10. Reassemble in reverse order.
11. Replace the lower front panel and secure with the 2 fixing screws.
12. Check the operation of the boiler.



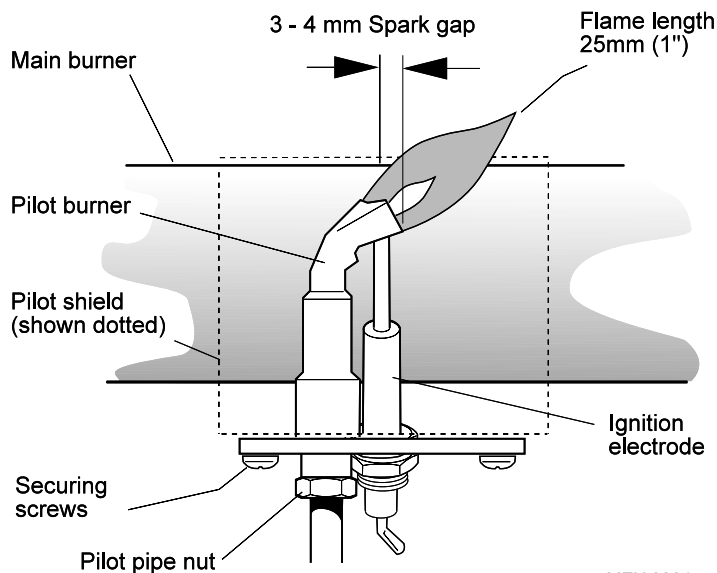
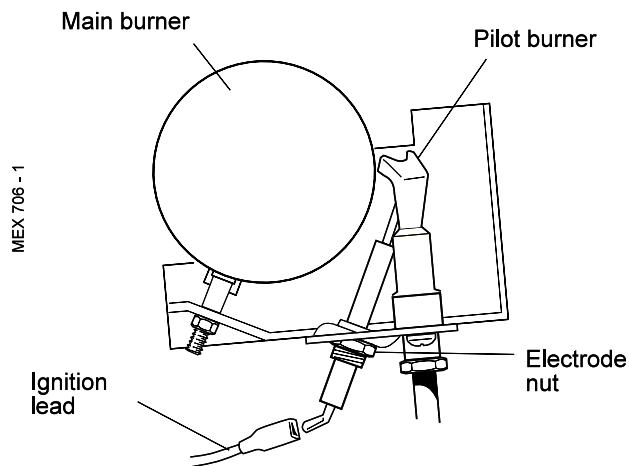
## 41 IGNITION LEAD REPLACEMENT

1. Refer to Frame 35.
2. Remove the 2 screws, lift off the front panel and remove the grille assembly. Refer to Frame 29.
3. Disconnect the electrical leads from the gas valve.
4. Disconnect the ignition lead from the PCB.
5. Undo the gas cock union. Remove the 2 wing nuts and withdraw the burner and controls assembly, complete, from the boiler.
6. Remove the purse clip.
7. Disconnect the ignition lead from the base of the electrode and the PCB, and withdraw the lead.
8. Fit the new lead and reassemble in reverse order.



## 42 IGNITION ELECTRODE REPLACEMENT

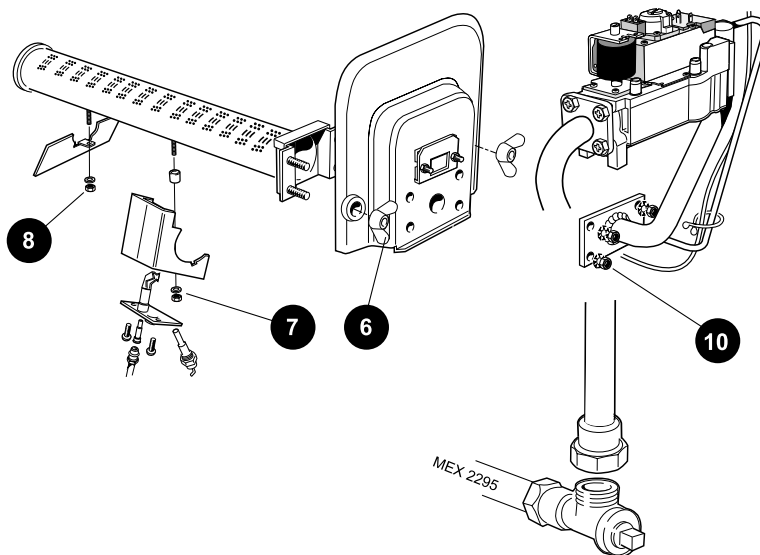
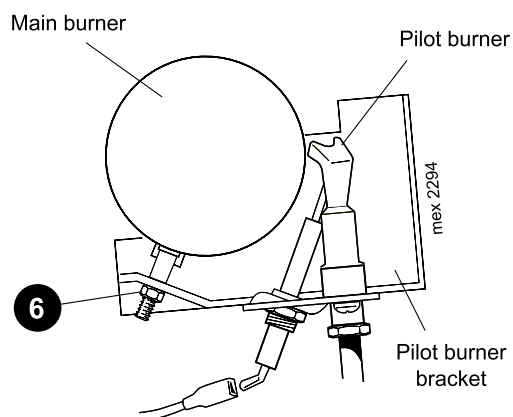
1. Refer to Frame 35.
2. Remove the 2 screws, lift off the lower front panel then remove the grille assembly. Refer to Frame 29.
3. Disconnect the electrical leads from the gas valve.
4. Disconnect the ignition lead from the PCB.



5. Undo the gas cock union. Remove the 2 wing nuts and withdraw the burner and controls assembly, complete, from the boiler.
6. Remove the electrode retaining nut and withdraw the electrode.
7. Fit the new electrode.
8. Reassemble in reverse order.

## 43 MAIN BURNER REPLACEMENT

1. Refer to Frame 35.
2. Remove the 2 screws, lift off the lower front panel then remove the grille assembly. Refer to Frame 29.
3. Disconnect the electrical leads from the gas valve.
4. Disconnect the ignition lead from the PCB.

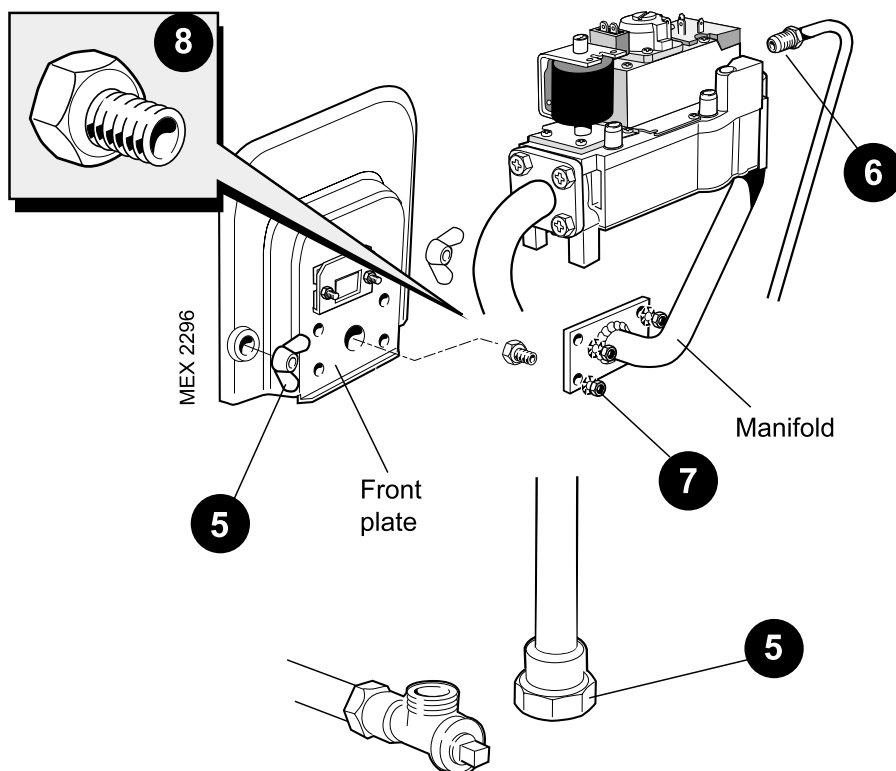


5. Undo the gas cock union. Remove the 2 wing nuts and withdraw the burner and controls assembly, complete, from the boiler.
6. Undo the nut securing the pilot bracket to the main burner and remove the pilot bracket.
7. Remove the nut securing the burner baffle to the burner.

8. Remove the 2 screws securing the pilot burner and pull the assembly clear of the main burner.
  9. Remove the 4 nuts and washers securing the main burner to the front plate and manifold. Withdraw the burner.
  10. Fit the new burner and assemble in reverse order, taking care not to damage the main burner injector, which is screwed into the burner manifold.
- Note.** Ensure the burner baffle is fitted to the new burner.

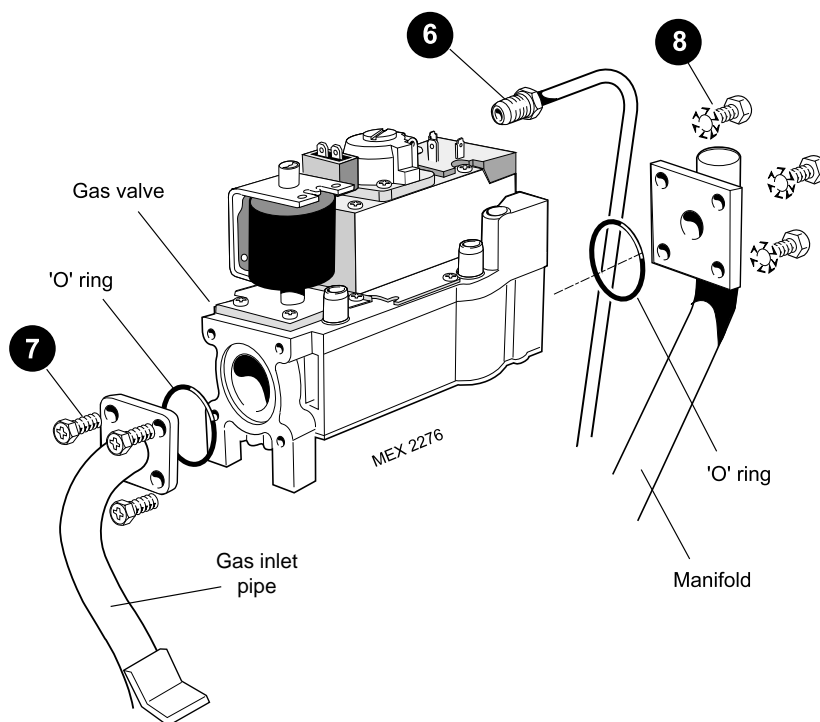
## 44 MAIN BURNER INJECTOR REPLACEMENT

1. Refer to Frame 35.
2. Remove the 2 screws, lift off the lower front panel then remove the grille assembly. Refer to Frame 29.
3. Disconnect the electrical leads from the gas valve.
4. Disconnect the ignition lead from the PCB.
5. Undo the gas cock union. Remove the 2 wing nuts and withdraw the burner and controls assembly, complete, from the boiler.
6. Undo the pilot supply connection.
7. Undo the manifold securing nuts and remove the manifold from the front plate.
8. Unscrew the burner injector from the manifold.
9. Fit the new injector, using an approved jointing compound, and reassemble in reverse order.



## 45 GAS VALVE REPLACEMENT

1. Refer to Frame 35.
2. Remove the 2 screws, lift off the lower front panel then remove the grille assembly. Refer to Frame 29.
3. Disconnect the electrical leads from the gas valve.
4. Disconnect the ignition lead from the PCB.
5. Undo the gas cock union. Remove the 2 wing nuts and withdraw the burner and controls assembly, complete, from the boiler.
6. Undo the pilot at the gas valve.
7. Unfasten the 4 screws securing the gas inlet pipe to the LH side of the gas valve.
8. Unfasten the 4 screws securing the gas manifold. The 2 sealing 'O' rings should be discarded and new 'O' rings fitted.
9. Fit the new gas valve, ensuring that:
  - a. The valve is fitted the correct way round - an arrow engraved on the valve indicates the direction of flow.
  - b. The sealing 'O' rings supplied with the valve are correctly fitted at the inlet and outlet flanges.



## SERVICING

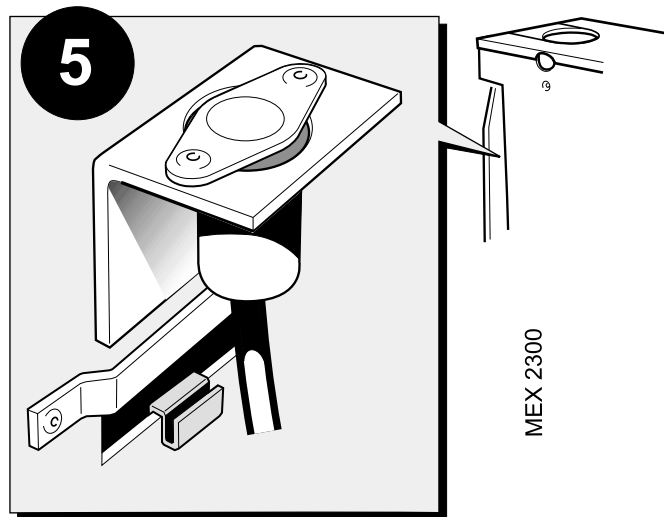
### 46 TTB DOWNDRAUGHT THERMOSTAT REPLACEMENT

1. Refer to Frame 35.
2. Remove the control panel. Refer to Frame 29.
3. Remove the securing screws and lift off the control box cover.
4. Disconnect the TTB thermostat and remove from the cable clamp and control box.

**Note.**

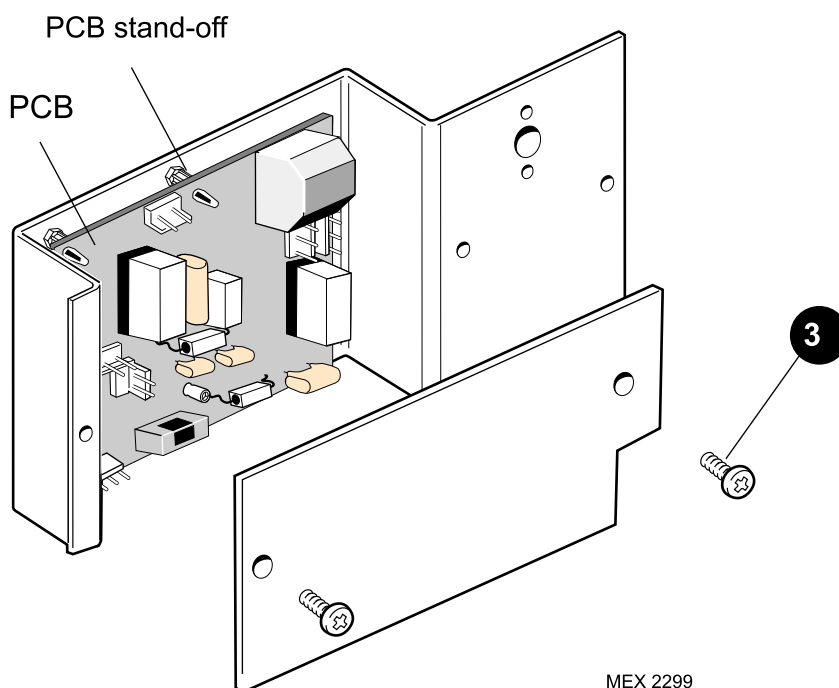
The TTB thermostat is located at the LH side of the diverter panel.

5. Reach down the side of the boiler and carefully lift the TTB bracket from its retaining slot and clip.
6. Withdraw the thermostat, bracket and lead down the side of the boiler.
7. Locate and fit the new TTB downdraught thermostat, bracket and lead and reassemble in reverse order, ensuring that all electrical connections are correctly remade and cables secured.



### 47 PCB BOX REPLACEMENT

1. Refer to Frame 35.
2. Remove the 2 screws and lift off the lower front panel. Refer to Frame 29.
3. Undo the PCB cover fixing screws and remove the cover.
4. Remove the HT lead from the PCB.
5. Remove the 6 push-in connectors from the PCB.
6. Compress the barbs on the PCB stand-offs to release the PCB from the box.
7. Fit the new PCB and reassemble in reverse order.
8. Refit the boiler casing.
9. Check the operation of the boiler.



## SHORT LIST OF PARTS

The following are parts commonly required as replacement components, due to damage or expendability. Their failure or absence is likely to affect safety or performance of this appliance.

The list is extracted from the British Gas List of Parts, which contains all available spare parts.

The full list is held by British Gas, **Caradon Ideal Limited** distributors and merchants.

When ordering spares please quote:

1. Boiler model
2. Appliance G.C. number
3. Description
4. Quantity
5. Product no.

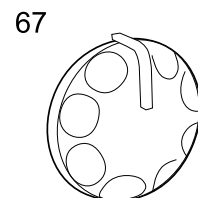
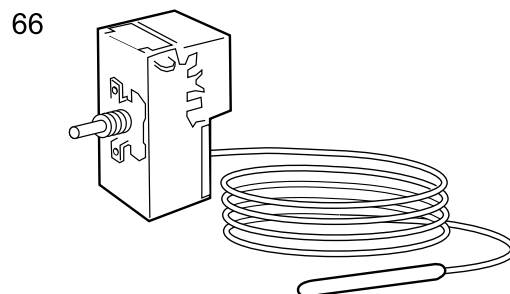
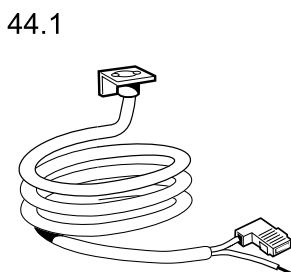
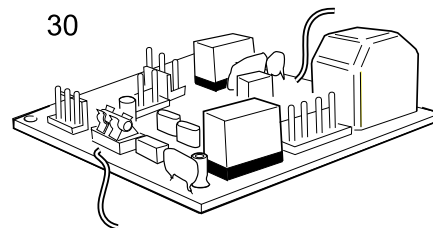
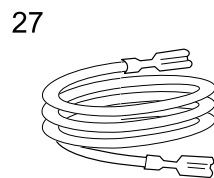
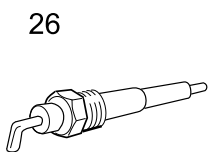
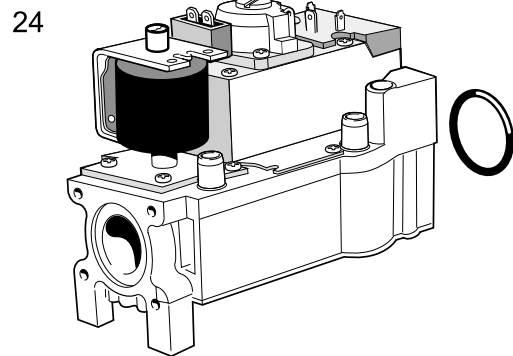
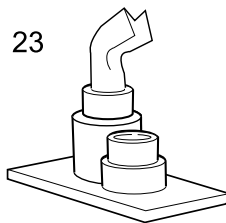
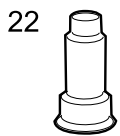
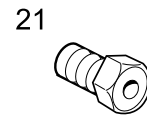
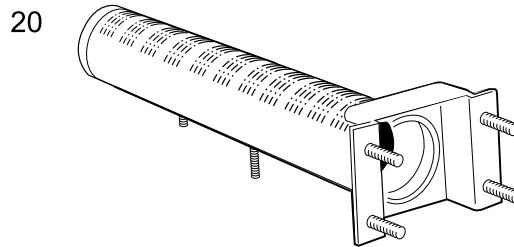
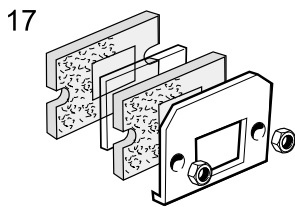
When replacing any parts on this appliance use only spare parts that you can be assured conform to the safety and performance specification that we require. Do not use reconditioned or copy parts that have not been clearly authorised by Ideal Boilers.

Key No.	G.C. Part No.	Description	Qty.	Product No.
17	319 494	Sightglass assembly	1	079 334
20	398 252	Main burner	1	012 532
21	398 323	Main burner injector	1	002 608
22		Pilot burner with injector Key No. 23	1	172 010
23		Pilot burner injector:	1	004 982
24		Gas valve assy	1	170 664
26	388 396	Ignition electrode	1	003 038
27	E01 412	HT lead 750mm long	1	057 599
30		PCB sub assy.	1	170 665
44.1		Downdraught thermostat (TTB)	1	075 372
49		Flue baffle	1	172 011
66		Thermostat	1	151 903
67	308 557	Thermostat knob	1	111 904



# LIST OF PARTS

## 48 SHORT PARTS



MEX 2242

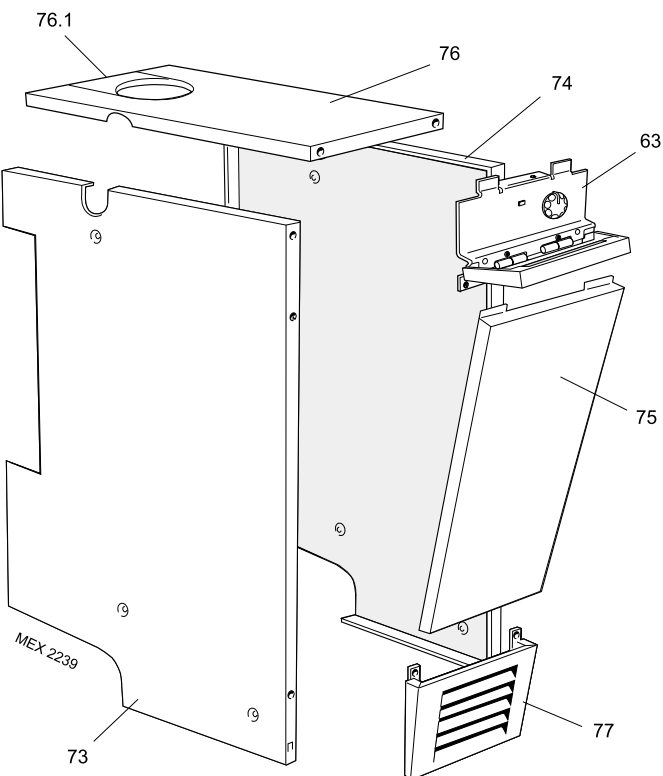


## LIST OF PARTS

### 49 BOILER CASING ASSEMBLY

#### Legend

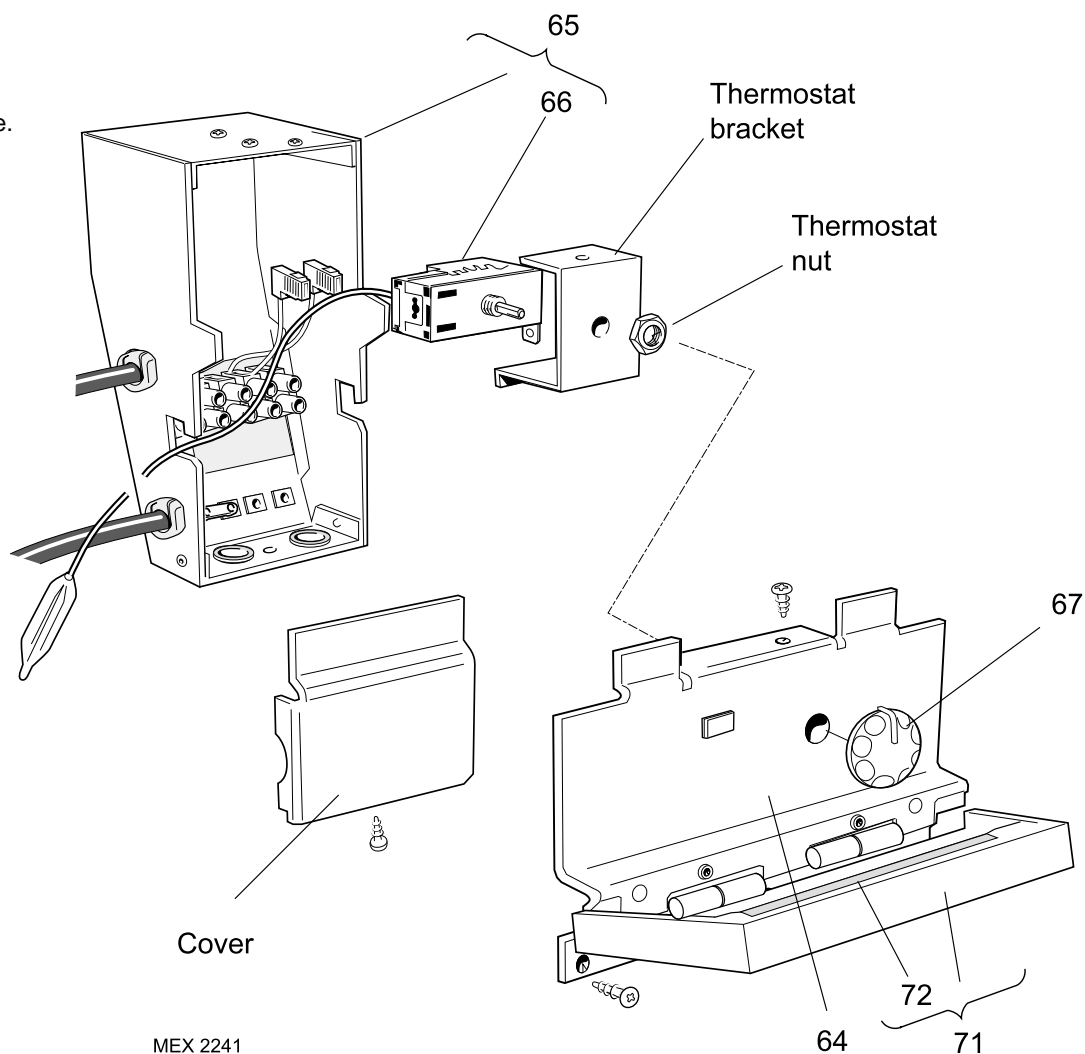
- 62. Casing complete.
- 63. Control panel complete.
- 73. LH side panel.
- 74. RH side panel.
- 75. Front lower panel.
- 76. Top panel.
- 76.1. Top panel infill piece.
- 77. Grille panel.



### 50 CONTROL BOX ASSEMBLY - Exploded View

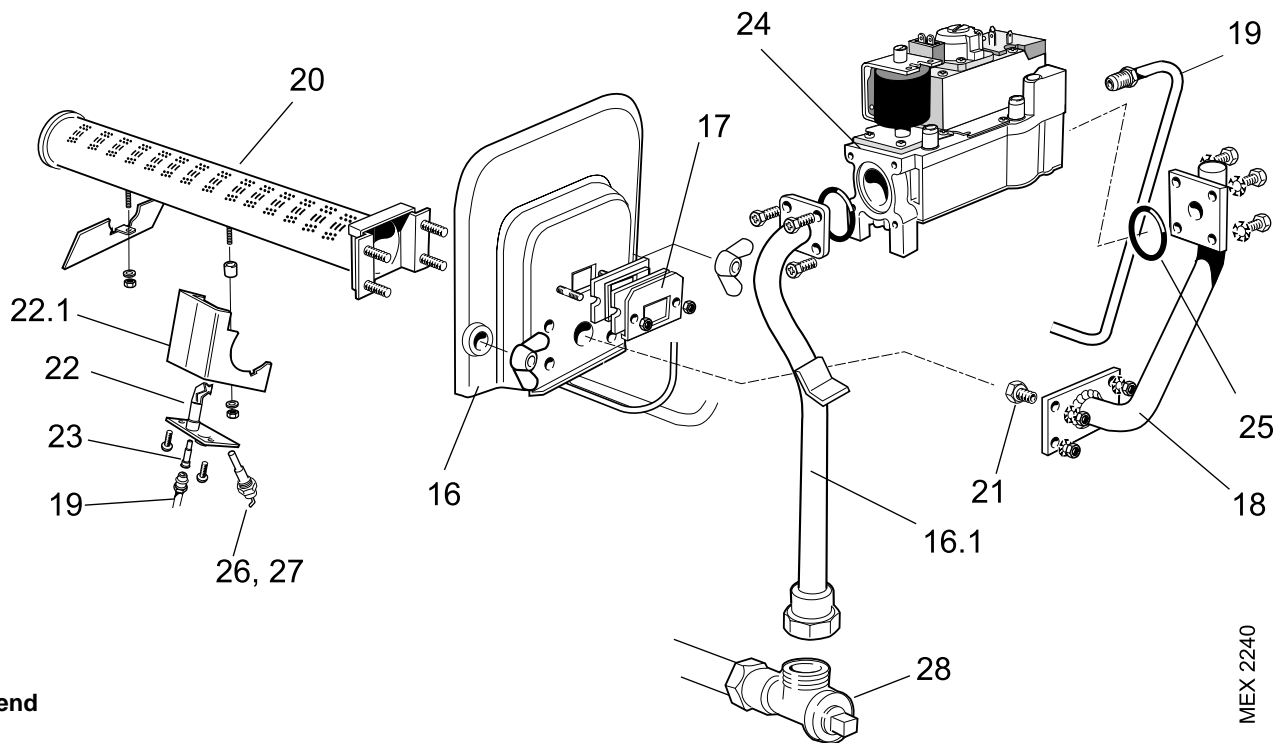
#### Legend

- 63. Control panel complete.
- 64. Control panel.
- 65. Control box.
- 66. Control thermostat.
- 67. Thermostat knob.
- 71. Control front panel.
- 72. Magnetic strip.



## LIST OF PARTS

## 51 BURNER AND CONTROLS ASSEMBLY - Exploded View



### Legend

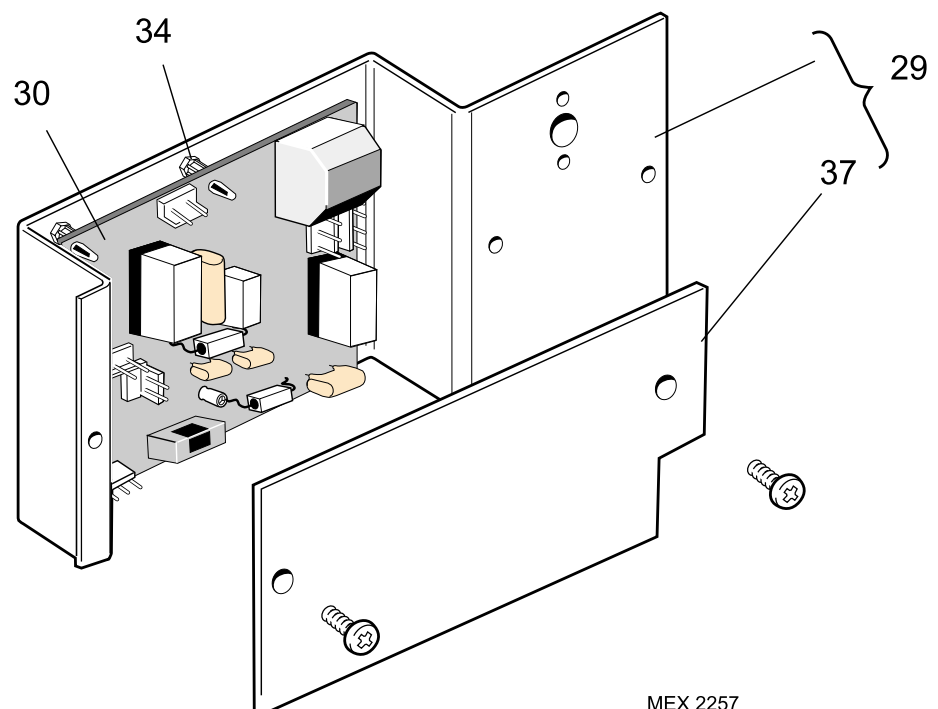
- |                                  |   |                                |
|----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| <b>16.</b> Front plate assembly. |   |                                |
| <b>16.1.</b> Inlet pipe.         | <b>21.</b> Main burner injector.        |                                |
| <b>17.</b> Sightglass assembly.  | <b>22.</b> Pilot burner.                |                                |
| <b>18.</b> Burner manifold       | <b>22.1.</b> Pilot burner bracket assy. | <b>26.</b> Ignition electrode. |
| <b>19.</b> Pilot pipe.           | <b>24.</b> Gas valve.                   | <b>27.</b> Ignition (HT) lead. |
| <b>20.</b> Main burner.          | <b>25.</b> 'O' ring.                    | <b>28.</b> Gas cock.           |

MEX 2240

## 52 PCB BOX - Exploded View

### Legend

- 29. PCB chassis assy.
- 30. PCB sub-assy.
- 34. PCB support.
- 37. PCB cover.

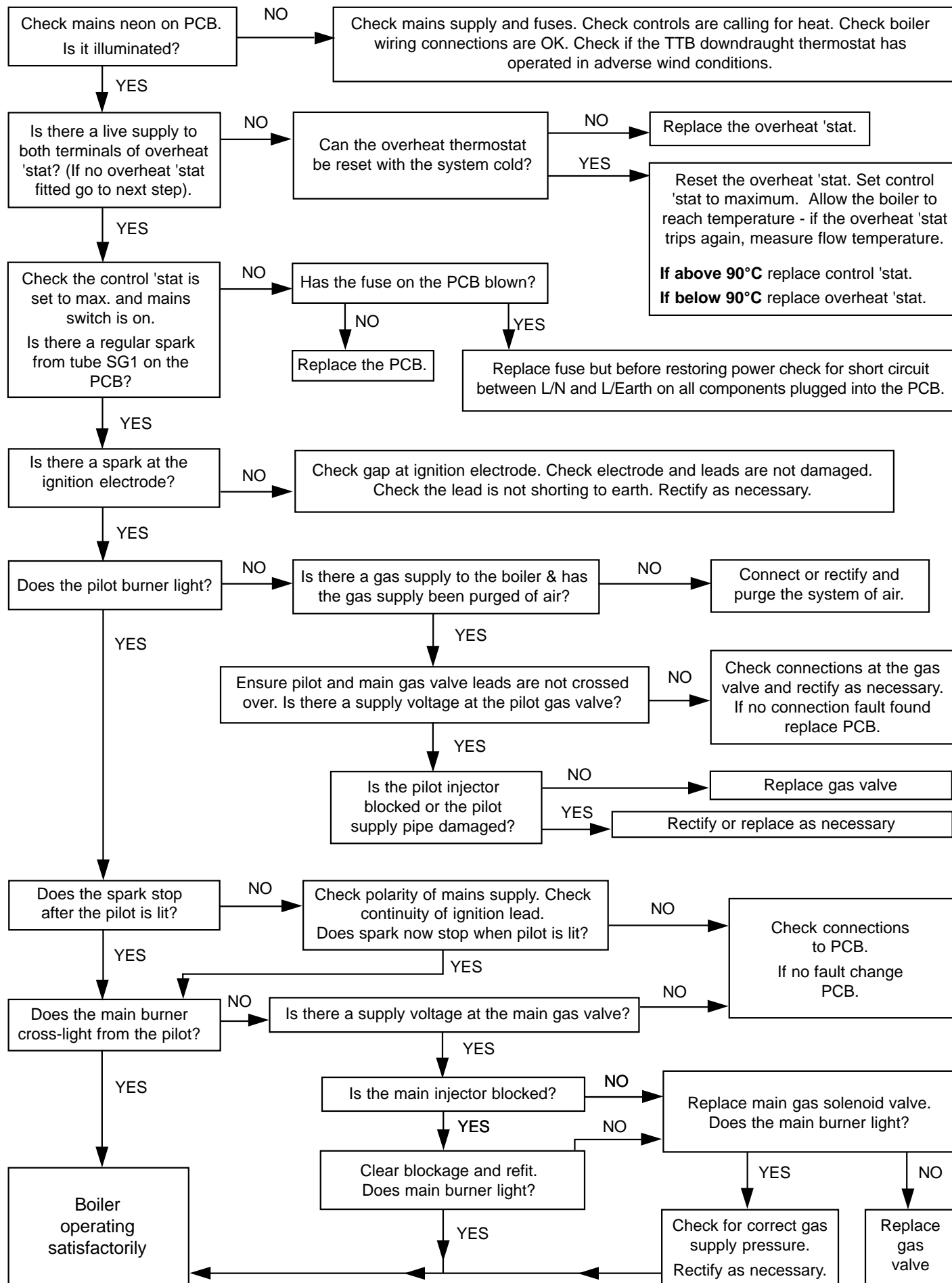


MEX 2257

## FAULT FINDING

Before attempting any electrical fault finding ALWAYS carry out preliminary electrical system checks, i.e. earth continuity, polarity and resistance to earth using a suitable meter.

Detailed instructions on the cleaning and adjustment or replacement of faulty components are contained in the 'Servicing' section of this publication.





*The code of practice for the installation,  
commissioning & servicing of central heating systems*



**THIS SYMBOL IS YOUR  
ASSURANCE OF QUALITY**

These appliances are designed for use with Natural Gas only. They have been tested and conform with the provisions of BS. 6332 and BS. 5258.

### Technical Training

The Ideal Boilers Technical Training Centre offers a series of first class training courses for domestic, commercial and industrial heating installers, engineers and system specifiers. For details of courses please ring: ..... 01482 498 432



**CERTIFIED PRODUCT**  
Manufactured under a BS EN ISO 9001: 1994  
Quality System accepted by BSI

**Ideal Boilers**, P.O. Box 103, National Ave, Kingston upon Hull, HU5 4JN. Telephone: 01482 492 251 Fax: 01482 448 858. Registration No. London 322 137.

**Caradon Ideal Limited** pursues a policy of continuing improvement in the design and performance of its products. The right is therefore reserved to vary specification without notice.



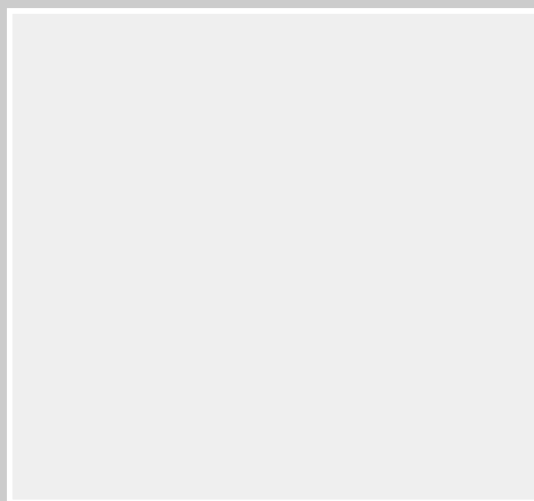
***i* Ideal** BOILERS

January 2003 UIN 157 773 A03

**Caradon**  
Ideal Limited

***Ideal Installer/Technical Helpline: 01482 498663***  
***www.idealboilers.com***

# THE IDEAL USERS GUIDE



*mexico*

the floor standing boiler

Floor standing,  
gas fired boiler

Mexico Slimline  
RS445 & CF440

*i* BOILERS *Ideal*

## Mexico Slimline (Natural Gas Models Only)

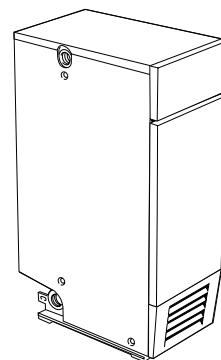
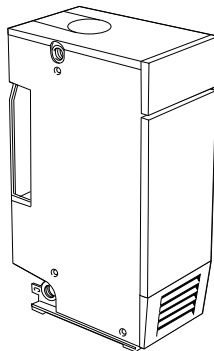
Mexico Slimline CF440 ..... 41 392 89

Mexico Slimline RS445 ..... 41 392 88

Certified - P.I. No. CF.....87 AT 15

Certified - P.I. No. RS.....87 AT 14

Destination Countries: GB, IE



## INTRODUCTION

*It is essential that the instructions in this booklet are strictly followed, for safe and economical operation of the boiler.*

### Current Gas Safety (Installation & Use) Regulations or rules in force.

In your own interest, and that of safety, it is the law that this boiler must be installed by a registered installer, in accordance with all national and local regulations.

## Electricity Supply

***This appliance must be efficiently earthed.***

Supply: 230 V ~ 50 Hz. The fusing should be 3A.

Connection must be made in a way that allows complete isolation of the electrical supply such as a double pole switch having a 3mm (1/8") contact separation in both poles, or a plug and socket, serving only the boiler and system controls. The means of isolation must be accessible to the user after installation.

## IMPORTANT NOTES

- If the boiler is installed in a compartment then the compartment MUST NOT be used for storage purposes.*
- The ventilation provided for the boiler during installation MUST NOT be blocked, and a check should be made periodically that the ventilation areas are free from any obstruction.*
- If it is known or suspected that a fault exists on the boiler then it MUST NOT be used until the fault has been corrected by a CORGI registered installer.*
- Inflammable materials must not be placed in close proximity to the appliance. Materials giving off flammable*

*vapours must not be stored in the same room as the appliance.*

- Under NO circumstances should any of the sealed components on this appliance be used incorrectly or tampered with.*

### TTB Downdraught Thermostat (CF boilers only)

This appliance is fitted with a TTB downdraught thermostat for added safety and protection. If this thermostat should operate and switch off the appliance it is because the flue is subject to downdraught, probably as a result of adverse wind conditions.

The TTB is an automatic reset thermostat which will reset once wind conditions have returned to normal, subject to a built-in reset delay in excess of 10 minutes.

***The TTB is an IMPORTANT SAFETY DEVICE and MUST NOT be put out of action or interfered with in any way.***

***The TTB is not a substitute for an independently mounted carbon monoxide detector.***

In cases of repeated or continuous shutdown a CORGI registered person should be called to investigate and rectify the condition causing this. Only the manufacturer's original parts should be used for replacement.

## Minimum Clearances

A clearance of 533mm (21") MUST be available at the front of the boiler for servicing.

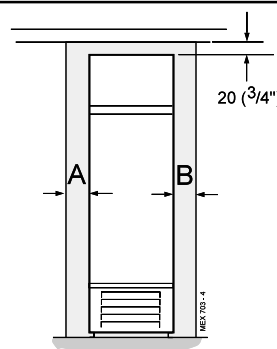
The minimum clearances given in Table 1 MUST be complied with, in order to maintain the safe running of the boiler.

## 1 BOILER CLEARANCES

Table 1

Boiler	Minimum A or B mm (ins.)	Minimum A + B mm (ins.)
CF440	25 (1)	100 (4)
RS445	5 (3/16)	10 (3/8)

Dimensions in mm (in.)



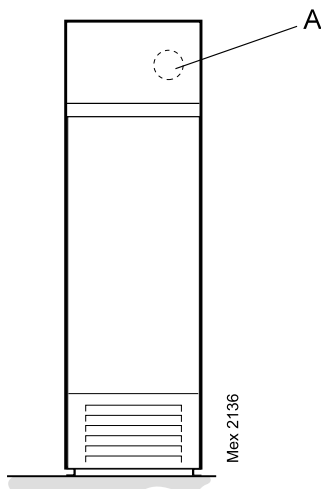
**CAUTION. To avoid the possibility of injury during the installation, servicing or cleaning of this appliance care should be taken when handling edges of sheet steel components**

## 2 BOILER CONTROLS

RS boiler shown

### LEGEND

A Boiler thermostat knob



### To Light the Boiler Refer to Frame 2

If a programmer is fitted refer to separate instructions for the programmer before continuing.

1. Check that the electricity supply to the boiler is OFF.
2. Open the control panel drop-down door and ensure that the thermostat knob (A) is in the OFF position.
3. Switch ON the electricity supply to the boiler and check that all external controls, e.g. room thermostat etc., are ON.
4. Set the boiler thermostat knob (A) to position 6. The pilot solenoid valve should open and the intermittent spark commence, continuing until the pilot is established. The main burner will then cross-light smoothly.

**Winter conditions (i.e. central heating and domestic hot water).** The thermostat should be positioned at setting 5 or 6.

**Summer conditions (i.e. domestic hot water only).** The thermostat should be positioned at setting 2.

These settings are offered for general guidance only and other settings may be found preferable, dependent upon the type of system installed or as recommended by the installer.

### To Shut Down the Boiler

1. **For short periods**  
Turn the boiler thermostat knob (A) to OFF. When heating is again required, restore the knob to its original setting.
2. **For longer periods**
  - a. Turn the boiler thermostat knob (A) to OFF.
  - b. Switch the electricity supply to OFF.

## Frost Protection

If no frost protection is provided and frost is likely during a short absence from home, leave the heating controls (if fitted) at a reduced temperature setting.

For longer periods, the entire system should be drained - including the domestic water supply.

If the system includes a frost thermostat then, during cold weather, the boiler should be turned OFF at the time switch (if fitted) ONLY. The mains supply should be left switched ON, with the boiler thermostat left in the normal running position.

## Control of Water Temperature

1. Set the boiler thermostat knob (A) to give the required temperature for central heating.
2. The boiler thermostat automatically switches the boiler OFF and ON to maintain the selected temperature.

### To Relight the Boiler

Repeat the procedure 1 - 4 detailed in 'To light the boiler'.

## Boiler Overheat Thermostat

The boiler is fitted with a safety 'cutout' thermostat: this thermostat will shut down the boiler in the event of overheating. Should this occur turn off the boiler and consult a CORGI registered installer.

## Loss of System Water Pressure

(Boilers fitted with the Overheat Thermostat Kit only)

If the red arrow on the system pressure gauge is set above zero and the system pressure is seen to fall below this value over a period of time then a water leak is indicated. In this event a CORGI registered installer should be consulted.

**DO NOT FIRE THE BOILER IF THE PRESSURE HAS REDUCED TO ZERO FROM THE ORIGINAL SETTING**

## Escape of Gas

Should a gas leak or fault be suspected, contact your gas supplier *without delay*.

**Do NOT search for gas leaks with a naked flame.**

All CORGI registered installers carry a CORGI ID card, and have a registration number. Both should be recorded in your **Benchmark** Log Book. You can check your installer by calling CORGI direct on 01563 72300

THE LOG BOOK SHOULD BE COMPLETED AFTER  
EACH SERVICE AND KEPT WITH THESE  
INSTRUCTIONS



## ***Cleaning***

For normal cleaning simply dust with a dry cloth.

To remove stubborn marks and stains, wipe with a damp cloth and finish off with a dry cloth.

**Do NOT use abrasive cleaning materials.**

## ***Maintenance***

The appliance should be serviced at least once a year by a CORGI registered installer.

### **Note.**

*The appliance model is given on the data plate, located on the front of the boiler base plate, behind the grille assembly.*



***The code of practice for the installation,  
commissioning & servicing of central heating systems***

Caradon Ideal Limited. is a member of the Benchmark initiative and fully supports the aims of the programme. Benchmark has been introduced to improve the standards of installation and commissioning of central heating systems in the UK and to encourage the regular servicing of all central heating systems to ensure safety and efficiency.



**THIS SYMBOL IS YOUR  
ASSURANCE OF QUALITY**

These appliances are designed for use with Natural Gas only. They have been tested and conform with the provisions of BS. 6332 and BS. 5258.



**CERTIFIED PRODUCT**  
Manufactured under a BS EN ISO 9001:1994  
Quality System accepted by BSI

**Ideal Boilers**, P.O. Box 103, National Ave, Kingston upon Hull, HU5 4JN. Telephone: 01482 492 251 Fax: 01482 448 858. Registration No. London 322 137.

**Caradon Ideal Limited** pursues a policy of continuing improvement in the design and performance of its products. The right is therefore reserved to vary specification without notice.



***i* Ideal** BOILERS

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**Caradon**  
Ideal Limited

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